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SECRETARY OF STATE

Michelle Lujan Grisham Governor

April 7, 2023

HOUSE EXECUTIVE MESSAGE NO. 19

The Honorable Javier Martinez, Speaker of the House and Members of the House of Representatives State Capitol Building Santa Fe, NM 87501

Dear Speaker Martinez and Members of the House:

HOUSE TAXATION AND REVENUE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 547, as amended, with certificate of correction ("HB 547") is a large, omnibus tax package implementing substantial tax cuts. It is also a bill appropriating money and is, therefore, subject to line-item veto pursuant to Article IV, Section 22 of the New Mexico Constitution. *See* Letter from Elizabeth A. Glenn, Deputy Attorney General, to Raul E. Burciaga, Director of the Legislative Council Service (Mar. 16, 2011), 2011 WL 1587745.

Although HB 547 has many laudable tax reform measures, I have grave concerns about the sustainability of this tax package as a whole. HB 547's tax cuts will impact our ability to fund important services and programs that our citizens depend on, such as education, healthcare, public safety, and infrastructure. This decrease in revenue will have a disproportionate impact on certain populations in our State—particularly those who are already struggling to make ends meet. Given the unpredictable nature of the economy and our State's reliance on oil and gas revenues, I am not confident this package is fiscally responsible.

That being said, I am not vetoing the portions of HB 547 that give New Mexicans one-time tax rebates, increase the child income tax credit, increase the benefits of the film tax credit, and expand the health practitioners gross receipts tax deduction. These measures align with my commitment to support working families, the healthcare system, and our economy. I believe that these portions of the bill are necessary and beneficial, and I am pleased to support them.

I appreciate the Legislature's willingness to consider such sweeping tax reform. But as Governor, it is my duty to prioritize the needs of all New Mexicans, and I believe that we must take a more thoughtful and deliberate approach to tax reform. I urge the Legislature to work with my Administration to develop a comprehensive tax plan that is sustainable and in the best interests of New Mexicans.

RECEIVED FROM THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

Time: _ Date: _	10:05 April 7	a.m. p.m.	88° Cliverto (1 101	
			FOR Secretary of State	
Time: _		a.m. p.m.		
Date:		2023	By	
			Chief Clerk of the House	



The Legislature

of the

State of New Mexico

Legislature, __lst ___ Session 56th

LAWS _____2023

CHAPTER Z

HOUSE TAXATION AND REVENUE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL 547, as amended, with certificate of correction

Introduced by



PARTAL

State of New Mexico

House of Representatives

OFFICE of the CHIEF CLERK Santa Hé

LISA M. ORTIZ McCUTCHEON
Chief Clerk

FIFTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION, 2023

State Capitol, Room 100 Santa Fe, NM 87501 Business Phone: (505) 986-4751 Email: lisa.ortiz@nmlegis.gov

March 30, 2023

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

I certify that the following error was found in

HOUSE TAXATION AND REVENUE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 547, as amended

and has been corrected in enrolling and engrossing:

1. On page 58, line 22, of the original bill it reads "home and community-based services". It should read "home- and community-based services". Correction is on page 52, line 13 of the enrolled and engrossed bill.

Respectfully submitted,

LISA M. ORTIZ MCCUTCHEON, CHIEF CLERK

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

CHAPTER ZII

AN ACT 1 RELATING TO THE PUBLIC PEACE, HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE; 2 WAMENDING INCOME TAX BRACKETS PURSUANT TO THE INCOME TAX ACT; 3 -PROVIDING FOR THE INDEXING OF MODIFIED GROSS INCOME FOR 4 PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF THE LOW-INCOME 5 COMPREHENSIVE TAX REBATE; EXTENDING THE SUNSET DATE FOR AN 6 -INCOME-TAX EXEMPTION-FOR ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT PAY AND 7 EXTENDING THE EXEMPTION TO SURVIVING SPOUSES OF ARMED FORCES 8 -RETIREES; AMENDING PROVISIONS OF THE RURAL HEALTH CARE 9 -PRACTITIONER TAX CREDIT; INCREASING AND INDEXING THE AMOUNT 10 OF THE CHILD INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR CERTAIN TAXPAYERS; 11 NULLIMITING THE CAPITAL GAINS DEDUCTION FROM NET INCOME; MCM 12 PROVIDING ADDITIONAL 2021 INCOME TAX REBATES; CREATING THE 13 ELECTRIC VEHICLE INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING THE ELECTRIC 14 VEHICLE CHARGING UNIT INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING THE ENERGY 15 -STORAGE SYSTEM INCOME TAX CREDIT; CREATING A FLAT CORPORATE-16 INCOME TAX RATE; REDUCING THE RATES OF THE GROSS RECEIPTS TAX 17 -AND THE COMPENSATING TAX; CREATING GROSS RECEIPTS TAX 18 -DEDUCTIONS FOR THE SALE OF CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE THROUGH A 19 -LICENSED CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM AND PRE-KINDERGARTEN-20 -SERVICES BY FOR-PROFIT PRE-KINDERGARTEN PROVIDERS; CREATING A 21 GROSS RECEIPTS TAX DEDUCTION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MOD'IFICATION 22 -SERVICES MADE TO THE HOMES OF MEDICAID RECIPIENTS; AMENDING 23 THE INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND ACT AND THE COUNTY INDUSTRIAL 24 REVENUE BOND ACT TO INCLUDE CERTAIN ELECTRIC ENERGY STORAGE HTRC/HB 547/a 25

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	MLD
1	FACILITIES AS ELIGIBLE PROJECTS; REQUIRING MUNICIPALITIES AND
2	COUNTIES THAT ACQUIRE ENERGY STORAGE FACILITY PROJECTS TO
3	-PROVIDE PAYMENT-IN-LIEU-OF TAXES PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL
4	-DISTRICTS; AMENDING DISTRIBUTIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE EXCISE
5	-TAX; INCREASING THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX RATE ON CERTAIN
6	-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; DISTRIBUTING A PORTION OF THE REVENUE
7	FROM THE LIQUOR EXCISE TAX TO A NEW ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION
8	-FUND; PROVIDING FOR THE INDEXING OF ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME FOR
9	A SOCIAL SECURITY INCOME TAX EXEMPTION PURSUANT TO THE INCOME
10	-TAX ACT; INCREASING THE AMOUNT OF THE SPECIAL NEEDS ADOPTED
11	-CHILD TAX CREDIT; PROVIDING AN INCOME TAX DEDUCTION FOR
12	-SCHOOL SUPPLIES PURCHASED BY A PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHER;
13	*CREATING THE GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION INCOME TAX
14	-CREDIT, THE GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION CORPORATE
15	-INCOME TAX CREDIT AND GROSS RECEIPTS TAX AND COMPENSATING TAX-
16	-DEDUCTIONS FOR GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION FACILITY
17	-CONSTRUCTION COSTS; EXTENDING THE GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED
18	HEAT PUMP TAX CREDITS PURSUANT TO THE INCOME TAX ACT AND THE
19	-CORPORATE INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAX ACT, INCREASING THE ANNUAL
20	-AGGREGATE CAPS OF THE CREDITS, MAKING THE CREDIT PURSUANT TO-
21	THE INCOME TAX ACT REFUNDABLE AND AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF
22	-"GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED HEAT PUMP" FOR THE CREDIT PURSUANT
23	TO THE CORPORATE INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAX ACT; INCREASING THE
24	ANNUAL AGGREGATE CAP AND ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS OF TAX CREDITS
25	PURSUANT TO THE FILM PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT ACT; AMENDING

1	CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE CREDITS;
2	EXPANDING A GROSS RECEIPTS TAX DEDUCTION FOR HEALTH CARE
3	PRACTITIONERS AND ASSOCIATIONS OF HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS
4	TO INCLUDE RECEIPTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF COPAYMENTS AND
5	DEDUCTIBLES; PROVIDING GROSS RECEIPTS AND COMPENSATING TAX
6	-DEDUCTIONS FOR DYED DIESEL USED FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES;
7	*INCREASING THE RATE OF TAX ON TOBACCO PRODUCTS ON CIGARS;
8	MENDING DEFINITIONS IN THE TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX ACT AND
9	-DISTRIBUTING A PORTION OF THE TAX TO THE TOBACCO SETTLEMENT
10	-PERMANENT FUND; REQUIRING THE BUSINESS INCOME OF MOST
11	*CORPORATIONS TO BE APPORTIONED TO THIS STATE BY THE SALES
12	FACTOR BUT PROVID ING A TEMPORARY EXCEPTION. MUS
13	
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
15	MLM SECTION 1. Section 3-32-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
16	-Chapter 300, Section 14-31-1, as amended) is amended to read:
17	-"3-32-1. INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND ACTDEFINITIONS:
18	-Wherever used in the Industrial Revenue Bond Act unless a
19	different meaning clearly appears in the context, the
20	-following terms whether used in the singular or plural shall-
21	be given the following respective interpretations:
22	-A. "municipality" means a city, town or village in
23	New Mexico;
24	B. "project" means any land and building or other HTRC/HR 547/a
25	-improvements thereon, the acquisition by or for a New Mexico HTRC/HB 547/a Page 3

	No
1	Corporation of the assets or stock of an existing business or
2	-corporation located outside the state to be relocated within-
3	or near the municipality in the state and all real and
4	-personal properties deemed necessary in connection therewith,
5	-whether or not now in existence, which shall be suitable for
6	-use by the following or by any combination of two or more
7	-thereof:
8	(1) an industry for the manufacturing,
9	processing or assembling of agricultural or manufactured
0	_products;
1	(2) a commercial enterprise in storing,
2	-warehousing, distributing or selling products of agriculture,
.3	rmining or industry but does not include a facility designed
4	for the sale of goods or commodities at retail or
15	-distribution to the public of electricity, gas, water or
16	telephone or other services commonly classified as public-
17	utilities;
18	-(3) a business in which all or part of the
19	activities of the business involve the supplying of services
20	to the general public or to governmental agencies or to a
21	-specific industry or customer but does not include an
22	establishment primarily engaged in the sale of goods or
23	-commodities at retail;
24	(4) a water distribution or irrigation mLb
25	-system, including without limitation, pumps, distribution

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1	lines, transmission lines, towers, dams and similar SECRETARY OF STATE
2	-facilities and equipment, designed to provide water to a
3	·vineyard or winery;
4	-(5) an electric generation or transmission-
5	facility, other than one for which both location approval and
6	-a certificate of convenience and necessity are required prior-
7	to commencing construction or operation of the facility,
8	pursuant to the Public Utility Act;
9	-(6) an energy storage facility, which is a
10	-facility that uses mechanical, chemical, thermal, kinetic or
11	other processes to store energy from a zero carbon emission.
12	-resource for release at a later time; and
13	-(7) a 501(e)(3) corporation;
14	-C. "governing body" means the board or body in-
15	-which the legislative powers of the municipality are vested;
16	-D. "property" means any land, improvements-
17	-thereon, buildings and any improvements thereto, machinery-
18	-and equipment of any and all kinds necessary to the project,
19	-operating capital and any other personal properties deemed
20	-necessary in connection with the project;
21	E. "mortgage" means a mortgage or a mortgage and
22	-deed of trust or the pledge and hypothecation of any assets
23	-as collateral security;
24	F. "health care service" means the diagnosis or
25	-treatment of sick or injured persons or medical research and HTRC/HB Page 5

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1	includes the ownership, operation, maintenance, leasing and
2	disposition of health care facilities such as hospitals,
3	clinics, laboratories, x-ray centers and pharmacies and, for
4	any small municipality only, office facilities for
5	-physicians;
6	G. "refinance a hospital or 501(c)(3) corporation—
7	project" means the issuance of bonds by a municipality and
8	the use of all or substantially all of the proceeds to
9	liquidate any obligations-previously incurred to finance or
10	aid in financing a project of a nonprofit corporation engaged
11	in health-care services, including nursing homes, or of a
12	501(c)(3) corporation, which would constitute a project under
13	the Industrial Revenue Bond Act had it been originally
14	undertaken and financed by a municipality pursuant to the-
15	Industrial Revenue Bond Act; and
16	H. " $501(c)(3)$ corporation" means a corporation
17	that demonstrates to the taxation—and—revenue—department that—
18	it has been granted exemption from the federal income tax as
19	an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the
20	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered."
21	SECTION 2. Section 3-32-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
22	Chapter 300, Section 14-31-3, as amended) is amended to read:
23	-"3-32-6. ADDITIONAL POWERS CONFERRED ON
24	-MUNICIPALITIES In addition to any other powers that it may
25	now have, a municipality shall have the following powers:

1	MLD .A. to acquire, whether by construction, purchase,
2	-gift or lease, one or more projects that shall be located
3	-within this state and may be located within or without the
4	-municipality or partially within or partially without the
5	-municipality, but which shall not be located more than
6	-fifteen miles outside of the corporate limits of the
7	-municipality; provided that:
8	-(1) urban transit buses qualifying as a
9	-project pursuant to Subsection B of Section 3-32-3 NMSA 1978
10	-need not be continuously located within this state, but the-
11	-commercial enterprise using the urban transit buses for
12	-leasing shall meet the location requirement of this
13	-subsection; and
14	<u>-(2) a municipality shall not acquire any</u>
15	-electricity generation, transmission or energy storage -
16	-facility project unless the school districts within the
17	-municipality in which the project is located receive annual
18	-in-lieu tax payments; provided that the annual in-lieu tax
19	-payments required by this paragraph shall be:
20	-(a) payable to the school districts for-
21	-the period the municipality owns and leases the project;
22	(b) in an aggregate amount equal to the
23	-amount received by the municipality multiplied by the-
24	-percentage determined by dividing the average of the
25	operating, capital improvement and bond mills imposed by the Page 7

	ochool districts in the municipality and state debt service.
1	A ^{v'} school districts in the municipality and state debt service
2	-mills as of the date of issuance of the bonds by the average
3	of the mills imposed by all entities levying taxes on.
4	property in the municipality as of such date;
5	(c) shared among the school districts.
6	located within the municipality equally, if there is more
7	than one school district in such municipality; and
8	-(d) not be less than the amount due to-
9	the school districts in the tax year immediately preceding.
0	the issuance of the bonds from the property included in a
.1	-project, had such project not been created;
.2	B. to sell or lease or otherwise dispose of any or
3	all of its projects upon such terms and conditions as the
4	-governing body may deem advisable and as shall not conflict-
5	-with the provisions of the Industrial Revenue Bond Act;
16	-G. to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of
17	defraying the cost of acquiring by construction and purchase,
18	or either, any project and to secure the payment of such-
19	-bonds, all as provided in the Industrial Revenue Bond Act.
20	No municipality shall have the power to operate any project.
21	as a business or in any manner except as lessor;
22	D. to refinance one or more hospital or 501(c)(3)
23	corporation projects and to acquire any such hospital or
24	501(c)(3) corporation project whether by construction,
25	purchase, gift or lease, which hospital or 501(c)(3) MLM HTRC/HB 547/a

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corporation project shall be located within this state and—may be located within or without the municipality or—partially within or partially without the municipality, but—which shall not be located more than fifteen miles outside of—the corporate limits of the municipality, and to issue—revenue bonds to refinance and acquire a hospital or—501(c)(3) corporation project and to secure the payment of—such bonds, all as provided in the Industrial Revenue Bond—Act.—A municipality shall not have the power to operate a—thospital or 501(c)(3) corporation project as a business or in—any manner except as lessor; and—E. to refinance one or more projects of any—private institution of higher education and to acquire any—

private institution of higher education and to acquire any—such project, whether by construction, purchase, gift or—lease; provided that the project shall be located within this—state and may be located within or without the municipality—or partially within or partially without the municipality,—but the project shall not be located more than fifteen miles—outside of the corporate limits of the municipality, and to—issue revenue bonds to refinance and acquire any project of—any private institution of higher education and to secure the—payment of such bonds. A municipality shall not have the—power to operate a project of a private institution of higher—education as a business or in any manner except as lessor."

-SECTION 3. Section 4-59-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,

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	AVG 206 Spation 2 as amended is amended to read:
1	Chapter 286, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
2	<u>"4-59-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the County Industrial.</u>
3	-Revenue Bond Act, unless the context clearly indicates
4	otherwise:
5	A. "commission" means the governing body of a-
6	-county;
7	B. "county" means a county organized or
8	-incorporated in New Mexico;
9	-C. "501(c)(3) corporation" means a corporation.
10	-that demonstrates to the taxation and revenue department that
11	it has been granted exemption from the federal income tax as
12	an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the
13	-Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered;
14	-D. "health care service" means the diagnosis or
15	treatment of sick or injured persons or medical research and
16	includes the ownership, operation, maintenance, leasing and
17	disposition of health care facilities, such as hospitals,
18	elinies, laboratories, x-ray centers and pharmacies;
19	E. "mortgage" means a mortgage or a mortgage and
20	-deed of trust or the pledge and hypothecation of any assets →
21	-as collateral security;
22	F. "project" means any land and building or other
23	improvements thereon, the acquisition by or for a New Mexico
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25	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

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1	N-a county but, except as provided in Paragraph (1) of
2	-Subsection A of Section 4-59-4 NMSA 1978, not within the
3	-boundaries of any incorporated municipality in the state, and
4	-all real and personal properties deemed necessary in
5	connection therewith, whether or not now in existence, that
6	-shall be suitable for use by the following or by any
7	-combination of two or more thereof:
8	(1) an industry for the manufacturing,
9	<pre> processing or assembling of agricultural or manufactured </pre>
10	-products;
11	(2) a commercial enterprise that has
12	received a permit from the energy, minerals and natural
13	resources department for a mine that has not been in
14	-operation prior to the issuance of bonds for the project for
15	which the enterprise will be involved;
16	-(3) a commercial enterprise that has
17	-received any necessary state permit for a refinery, treatment
18	-plant or processing plant of energy products that was not in
19	operation prior to the issuance of bonds for the project for-
20	-which the enterprise will be involved;
21	-(4) a commercial enterprise in storing,
22	-warehousing, distributing or selling products of agriculture,
23	-mining or industry, but does not include a facility designed
24	for the sale or distribution to the public of electricity;
25	ass tolephone or other services commonly classified as

1	Public utilities, except for:
2	-(a) water utilities;
3	-(b) an electric generation or-
4	transmission facility, other than one for which both location
5	approval and a certificate of convenience and necessity are
6	required prior to commencing construction or operation of the
7	facility, pursuant to the Public Utility Act; and
8	(c) an energy storage facility, which
9	is a facility that uses mechanical, chemical, thermal,
10	-kinetic or other processes to store energy from a zero carbon-
11	-emission resource for release at a later time;
12	(5) a business in which all or part of the
13	activities of the business involve the supplying of services
14	to the general public or to governmental agencies or to a
15	-specific industry or customer;
16	(6) a nonprofit corporation engaged in-
17	-health care services;
18	-(7) a mass transit or other transportation-
19	-activity involving the movement of passengers, an industrial
20	-park, an office headquarters and a research facility;
21	-(8) a water distribution or irrigation
22	-system, including without limitation, pumps, distribution-
23	-lines, transmission lines, towers, dams and similar
24	-facilities and equipment; and -
25	(9) a 501(c)(3) corporation; and ML)

1	MLD -C. "property" means any land, improvements
2	thereon, buildings and any improvements thereto, machinery
3	-and equipment of any and all kinds necessary to the project,
4	-operating capital and any other personal properties deemed -
5	necessary in connection with the project."
6	-SECTION 4. Section 4-59-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,
7	-Chapter 286, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
8	-"4-59-4. ADDITIONAL POWERS CONFERRED ON COUNTIESIn
9	-addition to any other powers that it may now have, each
10	-county shall have the following powers:
11	-A. to acquire, whether by construction, purchase,
12	-gift or lease, one or more projects, which shall be located
13	-within this state and shall be located within the county-
14	-outside the boundaries of any incorporated municipality;
15	-provided, however, that:
16	-(1) a class A county with a population of
17	-more than three hundred thousand may acquire projects located
18	-anywhere in the county; and
19	(2) a county shall not acquire any
20	-electricity generation, transmission or energy storage
21	-facility project unless the school districts within the
22	-county in which the project is located receive annual in-lieu
23	-tax payments; provided that the annual in-lieu tax payments-
24	-required by this paragraph shall be:
25	-(a) payable to the school districts for Page 13

	the period the county owns and leases the project:
1	the period the county owns and leases the project;.
2 -	-(b) in an aggregate amount equal to the-
3	-amount received by the county multiplied by the percentage-
4	determined by dividing the average of the operating, capital.
5	improvement and bond mills imposed by the school districts in-
6	the county and state debt service mills as of the date of
7	issuance of the bonds by the average of the mills imposed by
8	all entities levying taxes on property in the county as of
9	-such date;
10	-(c) shared among the school districts-
11	-located within the county equally; and
12	-(d) not be less than the amount due to-
13	the school districts in the tax year immediately preceding-
14	-the issuance of the bonds from the property included in a
15	-project, had such project not been created;
16	B. to sell or lease or otherwise dispose of any or
17	-all of its projects upon such terms and conditions as the
18	-commission may deem advisable and as shall not conflict with-
19	the provisions of the County Industrial Revenue Bond Act; and
20	-C. to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of →
21	-defraying the cost of acquiring, by construction and purchase.
22	or either, any project and to secure the payment of such-
23	-bonds, all as provided in the County Industrial Revenue Bond
24	Act. No county shall have the power to operate any project
25	-Act. No county shall have the power to operate any project -as a business or in any manner except as lessor thereof." Page 14

1	SECTION 5. Section 7-2-5.13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2022,
2	-Chapter 47, Section 6) is amended to read:
	-"7-2-5.13. EXEMPTIONARMED FORCES RETIREMENT PAY
3	
4	-A. An individual who is an armed forces retiree or
5	-the surviving spouse of an armed forces retiree may-claim an
6	-exemption in the following amounts of military retirement pay
7	includable, except for this exemption, in net income:
8	-(1) for taxable year 2022, ten thousand-
9	-dollars-(\$10,000);
10	(2) for taxable year 2023, twenty thousand
11	-dollars (\$20,000); and
12	-(3) for taxable years 2024 and thereafter,
13	-thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
14	B. As used in this section, "armed forces retiree"
15	-means a former member of the armed forces of the United-
16	-States who has qualified by years of service or disability to-
17	-separate from military service with lifetime benefits."
18	SECTION 6. Section 7-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,
19	-Chapter 104, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
20	-"7-2-7. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATESThe tax imposed
21	-by Section 7-2-3 NMSA 1978 shall be at the following rates
22	-for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2024:
23	"A. For married individuals filing joint returns,
24	-heads of household and surviving spouses:
25	-For taxable income: The tax shall be:

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1	Not over \$8,000	1.5% of taxable income
2	Over \$8,000 but not over \$25,000	\$120 plus 3.2% of
3		excess over \$8,000
4	Over \$25,000 but not over \$50,000	\$664 plus 4.3% of →
5		excess over \$25,000
6	Over \$50,000 but not over \$100,000	\$1,739 plus 4.7% of
7		-excess over \$50,000
8	-Over \$100,000 but not over \$315,000	\$4,089 plus 4.9% of
9	9	excess over \$100,000
10	-Over \$315,000	\$14,624 plus 5.9% of
11		excess over \$315,000.
12	B. For single individuals	and for estates and
13	-trusts:-	
14	-For taxable income:	The tax shall be:
15	-Not over \$5,500	1.5% of taxable income.
16	-Over \$5,500 but not over \$16,500	\$82.50 plus 3.2% of
17		-excess over \$5,500-
18	Over \$16,500 but not over \$33,500	\$434.50 plus 4.3% of
19		-excess over \$16,500-
20	-Over \$33,500 but not over \$66,500	\$1,165.50 plus 4.7% of
21		excess over \$33,500
22	-Over \$66,500 but not over \$210,000	\$2,716.50 plus 4.9% of
23		-excess over \$66,500 →
24	-Over \$210,000	\$9,748 plus 5.9% of MUN
25		-excess over \$210,000. HTRC/HB 547/E
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A. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection B of 2 this section, any resident who files an individual New Mexico-3 -income tax return and who is not a dependent of another-4 individual may claim a tax rebate for a portion of state and-5 local taxes to which the resident has been subject during the 6 taxable year for which the return is filed. The tax rebate 7 -may be claimed even though the resident has no income taxable-8 -under the Income Tax Act. Married individuals who file-9 -separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have-10 -filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the tax-11 rebate that would have been allowed on a joint return. 12 B. No claim for the tax rebate provided in this-13 14

section shall be filed by a resident who was an inmate of a -public institution for more than six months during thetaxable year for which the tax rebate could be claimed or who--was not physically present in New Mexico for at least six--months during the taxable year for which the tax rebate couldbe claimed.

-C. For the purposes of this section, the totalnumber of exemptions for which a tax rebate may be claimed or--allowed is determined by adding the number of federal--exemptions allowable for federal income tax purposes for each--individual included in the return who is domiciled in New -Mexico-plus two additional exemptions for each individual-

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domiciled in New Mexico included in the return who is sixtyfive years of age or older plus one additional exemption foreach individual domiciled in New Mexico included in the return who, for federal income tax purposes, is blind plusone exemption for each minor child or stepchild of the resident who would be a dependent for federal income tax purposes if the public assistance contributing to the support 7 of the child or stepchild was considered to have been 8 9 contributed by the resident. D. Except as provided in Subsections F and G of 10 this section, the tax rebate provided for in this section may 11 -be claimed in the amount shown in the following table: 12 -Modified gross -- And the total number --13 income is: of exemptions is: 14 6 or 15 But Not Over 1 2 3 4 5 16 <u>\$ 0 \$ 1,000 \$ 210 \$ 280 \$ 350 \$ 420 \$ 490 \$ 560</u> 17 1,000 1,500 240 340 435 545 615 18 340 435 545 615 -760— -1,500 2,500 24019 790-545 -6152,500 8,000 240 340 435 20 8,500 220 335 420 535-620 790-21 -8.000 **-8,500 9,500 200 310 405** 520 620 **755**→ 22 720 9,500 11,000 185 270 365 460 550 23 11,000 12,500 155 225 295 390 480 650-24

-12,500 14,000 140 200 255 320

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1	$n_{-14,000}$ 15,500 125 185 240 295 340 420
2	-15,500 - 18,000 - 115 - 165 - 200 - 255 - 310 - 360
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4	-19,500 - 21,000 - 95 - 125 - 155 - 195 - 240 - 280
5	$\frac{-21,000}{22,500}$ $\frac{85}{85}$ $\frac{115}{150}$ $\frac{180}{180}$ $\frac{200}{250}$
6	$\frac{-22,500}{25,000}$ $\frac{25}{85}$ $\frac{115}{150}$ $\frac{150}{180}$ $\frac{200}{250}$
7	$\frac{-25,000}{26,500}$ $\frac{80}{80}$ $\frac{110}{130}$ $\frac{155}{155}$ $\frac{185}{210}$
8	-26,500 $28,000$ 70 95 125 150 165 195
9	-28,000 $29,500$ 60 85 115 140 150 185
10	$\frac{29,500}{32,000}$ $\frac{32,000}{55}$ $\frac{80}{110}$ $\frac{125}{125}$ $\frac{140}{165}$
11	-32,000 33,500 45 60 85 110 125 140 '
12	$\frac{33,500}{35,000}$ $\frac{35,000}{40}$ $\frac{40}{55}$ $\frac{70}{70}$ $\frac{85}{50}$ $\frac{110}{115}$
13	$\frac{25,000}{36,500}$ $\frac{25}{25}$ $\frac{45}{55}$ $\frac{55}{70}$ $\frac{85}{55}$
14	-36,500 -39,000 -15 -40 -45 -60 -70 -80
15	E. If a taxpayer's modified gross income is zero,
16	the taxpayer may claim a credit in the amount shown in the
17	-first row of the table appropriate for the taxpayer's number
18	of exemptions as adjusted by the provisions of Subsection F
19	-of-this-section.
20	-F. For the 2024 taxable year and each subsequent
21	-taxable year, the amount of rebate shown in the table in-
22	-Subsection D of this section shall be adjusted to account for
23	-inflation. The department shall make the adjustment by
24	-multiplying each amount of rebate by a fraction, the
25	numerator of which is the consumer price index ending during https://en.
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the prior taxable year and the denominator of which is the consumer price index ending in tax year 2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down to the nearest one dollar (\$1.00), except that if the result would be an amount less than the corresponding amount for the preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be made.

taxable year, the amount of modified gross income shown in the table in Subsection D of this section shall be adjusted to account for inflation. The department shall make the adjustment by multiplying each amount of modified gross income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the consumer price index ending during the prior taxable year and the denominator of which is the consumer price index ending in tax year 2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100), except that if the result would be an amount less than the corresponding amount for the preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be made.

-H. The tax rebates provided for in this section -may be deducted from the taxpayer's New Mexico income tax -liability for the taxable year. If the tax rebates exceed -the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess shall be -refunded to the taxpayer.

I. For purposes of this section: MLD

1	(1) "consumer price index" means the
2	-consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the
3	-United States department of labor for the month ending-
4	-September 30; and-
5	-(2) "dependent" means "dependent" as defined
6	-by Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as that
7	-section may be amended or renumbered, but also includes any
8	-minor child or stepchild of the resident who would be a
9	-dependent for federal income tax purposes if the public-
10	-assistance-contributing to the support of the child or
11	-stepchild was considered to have been contributed by the
12	-resident."
13	-SECTION 8. Section 7-2-18.22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws-
14	-2007, Chapter 361, Section 2) is amended to read:
15	47 2-18.22. RURAL HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER TAX
16	-CREDIT
17	-A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico
18	tax return, who is not a dependent of another individual, who
19	is an eligible health care practitioner and who has provided-
20	-health care services in New Mexico in a rural health care
21	-underserved area in a taxable year may claim a credit against
22	-the tax liability imposed by the Income Tax Act. The credit
23	-provided in this section may be referred to as the "rural"
24	-health care practitioner tax credit".
25	B. The rural health care practitioner tax credit HTRC/HB 547/a Page 22

-hundred eighty-four hours at a practice site located in an

rural health care practitioner who provided health care. ML/o

approved rural health care underserved area. An eligible-

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services for at least seven hundred ninety-two hours but less-1 -than one thousand five hundred eighty-four hours at a-2 -practice site located in an approved rural health-care-3 -underserved area during the taxable year for which the credit-4 is claimed is eligible for one half of the credit amount. 5 -D. Before an eligible health care practitioner may 6 -claim the rural health care practitioner tax credit, the 7 -practitioner shall submit an application to the department of 8 health that describes the practitioner's clinical practice 9 -and contains additional information that the department of 10 -health may require. The department of health shall determine-11 -whether an eligible health care practitioner qualifies for-12 the rural health care practitioner tax credit and shall issue 13 -a certificate to each qualifying eligible health care 14 practitioner. The department of health shall provide the-15 taxation and revenue department appropriate information for-16 all eligible health care practitioners to whom certificates 17 18 are issued. E. A taxpayer claiming the credit provided by this 19 20 21

-section shall submit a copy of the certificate issued by the department of health with the taxpayer's New Mexico incometax return for the taxable year. If the amount of the credit claimed exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year in which the credit is being claimed, the excess may be certified forward for three consecutive taxable years.

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1	T. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to
2	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the
3	department in a manner required by the department.
4	G. The department shall compile an annual report
5	on the tax credit provided by this section that shall include
6	the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive
7	the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
8	-other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The-
9	-department shall present the report to the revenue.
10	stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative
11	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax
12	credit
13	H. As used in this section:
14	(1) "eligible health care practitioner"
15	means:
16	(a) a dentist or dental hygienist
17	licensed pursuant to the Dental Health Care Act;
18	(b) a midwife licensed by the
19	-department of health;
20	(c) an optometrist licensed pursuant to-
21	the provisions of the Optometry Act;
22	(d) an osteopathic physician or an
23	osteopathic physician assistant licensed pursuant to the
24	-provisions of the Medical Practice Act; ML)
25	(e) a physician or physician assistant Page 25

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1	N licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice.
2	Act;
3	-(f) a podiatrist licensed pursuant to-
4	the provisions of the Podiatry Act;
5	-(g) a clinical psychologist licensed →
6	pursuant to the provisions of the Professional Psychologist
7	Act;
8	(h) a registered nurse licensed
9	pursuant to the provisions of the Nursing Practice Act;
10	(i) a pharmacist licensed pursuant to
11	the provisions of the Pharmacy Act;
12	(j) a licensed clinical social worker.
13	or a licensed independent social worker licensed pursuant to-
14	the provisions of the Social Work Practice Act;
15	(k) a professional mental health
16	counselor, a professional clinical mental health counselor, a
17	marriage and family therapist, an alcohol and drug abuse
18	counselor or a professional art therapist licensed pursuant.
19	to the provisions of the Counseling and Therapy Practice Act;
20	and_
21	(1) a physical therapist licensed
22	pursuant to the provisions of the Physical Therapy Act;
23	-(2) "health care underserved area" means a
24	-geographic area or practice location in which it has been
25	determined by the department of health, through the use of Page 26

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1	n'indices and other standards set by the department of health,
2	-that sufficient health care services are not being provided;
3	-(3) - "practice-site" means a private
4	-practice, public health clinic, hospital, public or private
5	_nonprofit_primary_care_clinic_or_other_health_care_service
6	-location in a health care underserved area; and
7	-(4) "rural" means a rural county or an-
8	_unincorporated area of a partially rural county, as-
9	-designated by the health resources and services-
10	_administration_of_the_United_States_department_of_health_and_
11	-human services." MUD
12	SECTION 9. Section 7-2-18.34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
13	2022, Chapter 47, Section 5) is amended to read:
14	"7-2-18.34. CHILD INCOME TAX CREDIT
15	A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2032, a
16	taxpayer who is a resident and is not a dependent of another
17	individual may apply for, and the department may allow, a
18	credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant
19	to the Income Tax Act for each qualifying child of the
20	taxpayer. The tax credit provided by this section may be
21	referred to as the "child income tax credit".
22	B. Except as provided in Subsection D of this
23	section, the child income tax credit may be claimed as shown
24	in the following table:
25	Adjusted gross income is Amount of credit per

Adjusted gross income is

1	0ver	But not over	qualifying child is
2	\$ 0	\$ 25,000	\$600
3	25,000	50,000	400
4	50,000	75,000	200
5	75,000	100,000	100
6	100,000	200,000	75
7	200,000	350,000	50
8	350,000		25.

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If a taxpayer's adjusted gross income is less C. than zero, the taxpayer may claim a tax credit in the amount shown in the first row of the table provided in Subsection B of this section.

For the 2024 taxable year and each subsequent taxable year, the amount of credit shown in the table in Subsection B of this section shall be adjusted to account for inflation. The department shall make the adjustment by multiplying each amount of credit by a fraction, the numerator of which is the consumer price index ending during the prior taxable year and the denominator of which is the consumer price index ending in tax year 2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down to the nearest one dollar (\$1.00), except that if the result would be an amount less than the corresponding amount for the preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be made.

To receive a child income tax credit, a

taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department.

- F. That portion of a child income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed shall be refunded.
- G. Married individuals filing separate returns for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the child income tax credit that would have been claimed on a joint return.
- H. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section shall report the amount of the credit to the department in a manner required by the department.
- I. The department shall compile an annual report on the child income tax credit that shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any other information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the credit. The department shall compile and present the annual report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax credit.
 - J. As used in this section:
- (1) "consumer price index" means the consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the United States department of labor for the month ending

2	(2) "qualifying child" means "qualifying
3	child" as defined by Section 152(c) of the Internal Revenue
4	Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, but
5	includes any minor child or stepchild of the taxpayer who
6	would be a qualifying child for federal income tax purposes
7	if the public assistance contributing to the support of the
8	child or stepchild was considered to have been contributed by
9	the taxpayer."
10	MLD SECTION 10. Section 7-2-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
11	Chapter 205, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

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ON 10. Section 7-2-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, , Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: -"7-2-34. DEDUCTION--NET CAPITAL GAIN INCOME".--

A. Except as provided in Subsection C of this -section, a taxpayer may claim a deduction from net income inan amount equal to the greater of:

-(1) the taxpayer's net capital gain income -for the taxable year for which the deduction is being -claimed, but not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or

-(2) forty percent of up to one million--dollars (\$1,000,000) of the taxpayer's net capital gain -income from the sale of a business that is allocated or -apportioned to New Mexico pursuant to Section 7-2-11 NMSA 1978 for the taxable year for which the deduction is being -claimed - MLB

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Mrh	B. Married individuals who file separate returns.
for a tax	xable year in which they could have filed a joint.
return m	ay each claim only one-half of the deduction provided-
by this	section that would have been allowed on the joint-
return.	

-C. A taxpayer may not claim the deduction-provided in Subsection A of this section if the taxpayer has-claimed the credit provided in Section 7-2D-8.1 NMSA-1978.

-means "net capital gain" as defined in Section 1222 (11) of the Internal Revenue Code."

SECTION 11. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

"ADDITIONAL 2021 INCOME TAX REBATES .--

- A. A resident who files an individual New Mexico income tax return for taxable year 2021 and who is not a dependent of another individual is eligible for a tax rebate pursuant to this section in the following amounts:
- (1) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for heads of household, surviving spouses and married individuals filing joint returns; and
- (2) five hundred dollars (\$500) for single individuals and married individuals filing separate returns.
- B. The rebates shall be made as soon as practicable after a return is received; provided that a

rebate shall not be allowed for a return filed after May 31, 2024.

- C. The rebates provided by this section may be deducted from the taxpayer's New Mexico income tax liability for taxable year 2021. If the amount of rebate exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.
- D. The department may require a taxpayer to claim a rebate provided by this section on forms and in a manner required by the department."

-SECTION 12. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

-"ELECTRIC VEHICLE INCOME TAX CREDIT.--

A. A taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and who, beginning on the effective date of this section and prior to January 1, 2028, purchases an electric vehicle or enters into a new lease of at least three years for an electric vehicle may claim a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act in an amount provided in Subsection B of this section. The tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the "electric vehicle income tax credit".

-B. The electric vehicle income tax credit shall

be in an amount equal to two thousand five hundred dollars

(\$2,500), except that the amount of credit shall be in an Page 32

amount equal to four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a taxpayer with an annual household adjusted gross income equal to or less than two hundred percent of the federal poverty level guidelines published by the United States department of health and human services.

C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of eligibility for the electric vehicle income tax credit from the department on forms and in the manner prescribed by the department. Except as provided in Subsection H of this section, only one electric vehicle income tax credit shall be allowed for each electric vehicle purchased or leased. The application shall include proof of purchase or lease, the electric vehicle's registration or application for registration and any additional information that the department may require to determine eligibility for the credit. The department shall issue a dated certificate of eligibility to the taxpayer providing the amount of the electric vehicle income tax credit for which the taxpayer is eligible and the taxable year in which the credit may be elaimed for an electric vehicle that was purchased or leased.

D. The aggregate amount of electric vehicle income tax credit claims that may be authorized for payment in any calendar year is ten million dollars (\$10,000,000). If a taxpayer submits a claim for a tax credit but is unable to receive the tax credit because the claims for the calendar

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year exceed the limitation provided in this subsection, the taxpayer's claim shall be placed at the front of a queue of credit claimants for the subsequent calendar year in the order of the date on which the credit was authorized for payment. Completed applications for the tax credit shall be considered in the order received by the department.

E. Applications for certification of an electric vehicle income tax credit shall be made no later than one calendar year from the date in which the electric vehicle is purchased or the lease is entered into.

vehicle income tax credit may be sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer for the full value of the credit. The parties to such a transaction shall notify the department of the sale, exchange or transfer within ten days of the sale, exchange or transfer.

G. That portion of an approved electric vehicle income tax credit claimed by a taxpayer that exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability in the taxable year in which an electric vehicle income tax credit is claimed shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

H. Married individuals filing separate returns

for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint

return may each claim only one-half of the electric vehicle

income tax credit that would have been claimed on a joint

I. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim the electric vehicle income tax credit in proportion to the taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal income tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability company and that business entity has met all of the requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit claimed by all members of the partnership or limited liability company shall not exceed the allowable credit pursuant to this section.

J. A taxpayer shall submit to the department information required by the department with respect to the purchase or lease of an electric vehicle by the taxpayer during the taxable year for which the electric vehicle income tax credit is claimed.

where the electric vehicle income tax credit that shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the tax credit, the aggregate amount of tax credits approved and any other information necessary to evaluate the tax credit. The department shall compile and present the annual report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax credit. MUPS

1	MLY) L. As used in this section:
2	(1) "electric vehicle" means a new motor
3	vehicle registered or purchased in New Mexico that derives
4	all or part of the vehicle's power from electricity stored in
5	a battery that:
6	(a) has a capacity of not less than
7	six kilowatt-hours;
8	(b) is capable of powering the vehicle
9	for a range of at least thirty miles; and
10	(c) is capable of being recharged from
11	an-external source of electricity; and
12	(2) "motor vehicle" means a vehicle with
13	four wheels that:
14	(a) is required under the Motor
15	Vehicle Code to be registered in this state;
16	(b) is made by a manufacturer;
17	(c) has a base manufacturer suggested
18	retail price, before options and destination charges, of
19	fifty-five thousand dollars (\$55,000) or less, before any
20	taxes are imposed;
21	(d) is manufactured primarily for use
22	on public streets, roads or highways;
23	(e) has not been modified from the
24	original manufacturer specifications;
25	(f) is rated at not less than two MLM) HTRC/HB 547/a Page 36

1	thousand two hundred pounds unloaded base weight and not more
2	than nine thousand seven hundred fifty pounds unloaded base
3	weight; and
4	(g) has a maximum speed capability of
5	at least sixty-five miles per hour."
6	SECTION 13. A new section of the Income Tax Act is
7	enacted to read:
8	"ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING UNIT INCOME TAX CREDIT.
9	A. A taxpayer who is not a dependent of another
10	individual and who, beginning on the effective date of this
11	section and prior to January 1, 2028, purchases and installs
12	an electric vehicle charging unit may claim a credit against
13	the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income
14	Tax Act. The tax credit provided by this section may be
15	referred to as the "electric vehicle charging unit income tax
16	-credit".
17	B. The electric vehicle charging unit income tax
18	credit shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) or the
19	cost to purchase and install an electric vehicle charging
20	unit, whichever is less.
21	C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of
22	eligibility for the electric vehicle charging unit income tax
23	credit from the department on forms and in the manner

electric vehicle charging unit income tax credits that may be HTRC/HB 547/a

prescribed by the department. The aggregate amount of

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certified as eligible in any calendar year is one million dollars (\$1,000,000). Completed applications shall be considered in the order received. If a taxpayer submits a claim for a tax credit but is unable to receive the tax credit because the claims for the calendar year exceed the limitation provided in this subsection, the taxpayer's claim shall be placed at the front of a queue of credit claimants for the subsequent calendar year in the order of the date on which the credit was authorized for payment.

D. An application for certification of eligibility shall include a receipt for the purchase of the electric vehicle charging unit, a copy of the data sheet that specifies the connector type, plug type, voltage and current of the electric vehicle charging unit and any additional information that the department may require to determine eligibility for the credit. The department shall issue a dated certificate of eligibility to the taxpayer providing the amount of the electric vehicle charging unit income tax credit for which the taxpayer is eligible and the taxable year in which the credit may be claimed.

vehicle charging unit income tax credit shall be made no later than one calendar year from the date in which the electric vehicle charging unit for which the credit is claimed is purchased and installed. MLD

F. That portion of an electric vehicle charging unit income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's income tax liability in the taxable year in which an electric vehicle charging unit-income tax credit is claimed shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

G. Married individuals filing separate returns

for a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint

return may each claim only one-half of the electric vehicle

charging unit income tax credit that would have been claimed

on a joint return.

H. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim the electric vehicle charging unit income tax credit in proportion to the taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal income tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability company and that business entity has met all of the requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit claimed by all members of the partnership or limited liability company shall not exceed the allowable credit pursuant to this section.

I. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section shall report the amount of the tax credit to the department in a manner required by the department.

J. The department shall compile an annual report on the electric vehicle charging unit income tax credit that

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1	shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the
2	department to receive the tax credit, the aggregate amount of
3	tax credits approved and any other information necessary to
4	evaluate the effectiveness of the tax credit. The department
5	shall present the annual report to the revenue-stabilization
6	and tax policy committee and the legislative finance—
7	committee with an analysis of the effectiveness and cost of
8	the tax credit and whether the tax credit is performing the
9	purpose for which it was created.
10	K. As used in this section:
11	(1) "electric vehicle" means a motor
12	vehicle subject to the registration fee pursuant to Section-
13	66-6-2 or 66-6-4 NMSA 1978 that derives all or part of the
14	vehicle's power from electricity stored in a battery that:
15	(a) has a capacity of not less than-
16	six kilowatt-hours;
17	(b) is capable of powering the vehicle
18	for a range of at least thirty miles; and
19	(c) is capable of being recharged from
20	an external source of electricity; and
21	(2) "electric vehicle charging unit" means
22	a device that:
23	(a) is used to provide electricity to
24	an electric vehicle;
25	(b) is designed to create a connection Page 40

between an electricity source and the electric vehicle;

(c) uses the electric vehicle's

control system to ensure that electricity flows at an appropriate voltage and current level; and

(d) is installed on residential property located in the state."

SECTION 14. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

"ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INCOME TAX CREDIT. --

A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2028, a taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and who, on or after March 1, 2023, purchases and installs an energy storage system on the taxpayer's residence or commercial or agricultural property in New Mexico may apply for, and the department may allow, a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income TaxAct. The tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the "energy storage system income tax credit".

B. The department may allow an energy storage system income tax credit of forty percent of the purchase and installation costs of an energy storage system certified pursuant to Subsection C of this section, up to a maximum amount of credit of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for a system installed on residential property and one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) for a system installed on

commercial or agricultural property; provided that no more than one system per property shall be eligible for the credit. Costs related to equipment or installation costs for energy generation shall not be eligible.

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C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of eligibility for an energy storage system income tax credit from the energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms and in the manner prescribed by that department. The aggregate amount of credits that may be certified as eligible in any calendar year is four million dollars (\$4,000,000). Completed applications shall be considered in the orderreceived. If the annual aggregate amount has been met beforecertification of a taxpayer's application can be made, the application shall be placed in a queue to be issued in a subsequent calendar year. The application shall include proof of purchase and installation of an energy storage system, that the system meets technical specifications and requirements relating to safety, code and standards compliance, lists of eligible components and any additional information that the energy, minerals and natural resources department may require to determine eligibility for the credit. A dated certificate of eligibility shall be issued to the taxpayer providing the amount of credit for which the taxpayer is eligible and the taxable year in which the credit may be claimed. A certificate of eligibility for the credit

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may be sold, exchanged or otherwise transferred to another taxpayer for the full value of the credit. The parties to such a transaction shall notify the department of the sale, exchange or transfer within ten days of the sale, exchange or transfer.

D. A taxpayer may claim an energy storage systemincome tax credit for the taxable year in which the taxpayer
purchases and installs the system. To receive the tax
credit, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms and
in the manner prescribed by the department within twelve
months following the calendar year in which the system was
installed. The application shall include a certification
made pursuant to Subsection C of this section.

income tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed, the excess shall not be refunded to the taxpayer but may be carried forward for five consecutive years until the credit amount is expired.

F. Married individuals filing separate returns

for a taxable year for which they could have filed a jointreturn may each claim only one-half of the energy storage
system income tax credit that would have been claimed on a
joint return.

G. A taxpayer may be allocated the right to claim

P an energy storage system income tax credit in proportion to 1 the taxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns an 2 interest in a business entity that is taxed for federal-3 -income tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability. 4 company and that business entity has met all of the 5 requirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit 6 -claimed by all members of the partnership or limited 7 liability company shall not exceed the allowable credit 8 9 -pursuant to this section. -H. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to-10 this section shall report the amount of the credit to the 11 -taxation and revenue department in a manner required by that 12 13 -department. I. The taxation and revenue department shall-14 -compile an annual report on the energy storage system income-15 16 17 18 19 20

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-tax credit that shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the credit, the -aggregate amount of credits approved and any other--information necessary to evaluate the credit. The department -shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee withan analysis of the cost of the tax credit:

J. As used in this section, "energy storage. system" means a stationary, commercially available, customer-HTRC/HB 547/a sited system, including a battery and a battery paired with Page 44

1	Mon-site generation, that is capable of retaining, storing and
2	delivering electrical energy by chemical, thermal, mechanical
3	or other means and:
4	(1) is installed as a stand-alone energy
5	storage system or is grid-tied; provided that if the system-
6	is grid-tied, the system has the capability to provide grid
7	services and control and communication infrastructure exists
8	with the service provider;
9	(2) has been tested and certified by a+
10	nationally recognized testing laboratory;
11	(3) has a rating of four kilowatts or
12	greater with a minimum of two hours of storage; and-
13	(4) is installed for use with a new or
14	-existing photovoltaic system."
15	SECTION 15. Section 7-2A-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981,
16	Chapter 37, Section 38, as amended) is amended to read:
17	"7-2A-5. CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATEThe corporate
18	income tax imposed on corporations by Section 7-2A-3 NMSA
19	1978 shall be five and nine-tenths percent of taxable
20	income."-
21	SECTION 16. Section 7-9-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966,
22	Chapter 47, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
23	"7-9-4. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAXDENOMINATION AS-
24	"GROSS RECEIPTS TAX"
25	A. For the privilege of engaging in business, an Page 45

	V ·
1	$h^{V'}$ excise tax equal to the following percentages of gross-
2	receipts is imposed on any person engaging in business in New
3	Mexico:
4	(1) prior to July 1, 2024, four and three
5	fourths percent;
6	(2) beginning July 1, 2024 and prior to
7	July 1, 2025, four and five-eighths percent;
8	(3) beginning July 1, 2025 and prior to
9	July 1, 2026, four and one-half percent; and
0	(4) beginning July 1, 2026, four and three-
1	eighths percent, except as provided in Subsection C of this-
2	section.
3	B. The tax imposed by this section shall be
4	referred to as the "gross receipts tax".
5	C. If, for any single fiscal year occurring after
6	fiscal year 2027 and prior to fiscal year 2037, gross-
.7	receipts tax revenues are less than ninety-five percent of
8	the gross receipts tax revenues for the previous fiscal year,
9	as determined by the secretary of finance and administration
20	the rate of the gross receipts tax shall be four and
21	seven-eighths percent beginning on the July 1 following the
22	determination made by the secretary of finance and
23	administration.
24	D. On or before February 1 of each year, until-

the rate of the gross receipts tax is adjusted to four and

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seven-eighths percent pursuant to Subsection C of this
section, the secretary of finance and administration shall
make a determination for the purposes of Subsection C of this
section. If the rate of tax is adjusted pursuant to that
subsection, the secretary shall certify to the secretary of
taxation and revenue that the rate of the gross receipts tax
shall be four and seven-eighths percent, effective on the
following July 1.

E. As used in this section, "gross receipts tax revenues" means the net receipts attributable to the gross receipts tax and distributed to the general fund."

-SECTION 17. Section 7-9-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1966, Chapter 47, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

-47-9-7. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAX--DENOMINATION AS-"COMPENSATING TAX".--

A. For the privilege of making taxable use of tangible personal property in New Mexico, there is imposed on the person using the property an excise tax equal to four and three-fourths percent prior to July 1, 2024; beginning July 1, 2024 and prior to July 1, 2025, four and five-eighths -percent; beginning July 1, 2025 and prior to July 1, 2026, four and one-half percent; and beginning July 1, 2026, four and three-eighths percent, except as provided in Subsection G of this section, of the value of tangible property that was: (1) manufactured by the person using the

Page 47

(2) acquired in a transaction for which the seller's receipts were not subject to the gross receipts tax.

B. For the purpose of Subsection A of thissection, value of tangible personal property shall be theadjusted basis of the property for federal income tax.

purposes determined as of the time of acquisition or
introduction into this state or of conversion of the property
to taxable use, whichever is later. If no adjusted basis for
federal income tax purposes is established for the property,
a reasonable value of the property shall be used.

license or franchise in New Mexico, there is imposed on the person using the license or franchise an excise tax equal to the rate provided in Subsection A or C of this section, as applicable, against the value of the license or franchise in its use in this state. The department by rule, ruling or instruction shall fairly apportion, where appropriate, the value of a license or franchise to its value in use in New Mexico. The tax shall apply only to the value of a license or franchise used in New Mexico where the license or franchise was acquired in a transaction the receipts from which were not subject to the gross receipts tax.

-D. For the privilege of making taxable use of -services in New Mexico, there is imposed on the person using

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the services an excise tax equal to the rate provided in—
Subsection A or G of this section, as applicable, against the
value of the services at the time the services were performed
or the product of the service was acquired. For use of
services to be a taxable use pursuant to this subsection, the
services shall have been acquired in a transaction the
receipts from which were not subject to the gross receipts
tax.

E. For purposes of this section, receipts are not subject to the gross receipts tax if the person responsible for the gross receipts tax on those receipts lacked nexus in New Mexico or the receipts were exempt or allowed to be deducted pursuant to the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act.

F. The tax imposed by this section shall be referred to as the "compensating tax".

G. If the gross receipts tax is increased to four and seven-eighths percent pursuant to Subsection C of Section-7-9-4 NMSA 1978, the rate of the compensating tax shall be four and seven-eighths percent.

II. As used in this section, "taxable use" means—use by a person who acquires tangible personal property, a license, a franchise or a service, and the use of which would not have qualified for an exemption or deduction pursuant to the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act." MLM

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"DEDUCTIONS--GROSS RECEIPTS--CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE THROUGH A LICENSED CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM -- PRE-KINDERGARTEN SERVICES BY FOR-PROFIT PRE-KINDERGARTEN-PROVIDERS.

A. Prior to July 1, 2033, receipts from the saleof child care assistance services by a taxpayer pursuant to a contract or grant with the early childhood education and care department to provide such services through a licensed child care assistance program may be deducted from gross receipts.

-B. Prior to July 1, 2033, receipts of for-profit pre-kindergarten providers for the sale of pre-kindergartenservices pursuant to the Pre-Kindergarten Act may be deducted from gross receipts.

C. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant tothis section shall report the amount of the deduction separately in a manner required by the department.

D. The department shall compile an annual report on the deductions provided by this section that shall include the number of taxpayers that claimed each deduction, the aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the deductions. The department shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the MLD

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1	${m N}'$ legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of
2	-the-deductions.
3	E. As used in this section:
4	(1) "child care assistance" means "child-
5	-care assistance" or "early childhood care assistance", as-
6	those terms are defined in the Early Childhood Care
7	Accountability Act; and
8	(2) "licensed child care assistance.
9	-program" means "licensed child care program", "licensed early
10	-childhood_care_program" or "licensed_exempt_child_care -
11	-program", as those terms are defined in the Early Childhood
12	*Care Accountability Act."
13	-SECTION 19. A new section of the Gross Receipts and
14	-Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:
15	"DEDUCTIONGROSS RECEIPTS TAXENVIRONMENTAL"
16	-MODIFICATIONS FOR MEDICAID RECIPIENTS:
17	-A. Prior to July 1, 2033, receipts of an eligible
18	-provider for environmental modification services reimbursed
19	-by the medical assistance division may be deducted from gross
20	receipts.
21	B. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to
22	this section shall report the amount of the deduction
23	-separately in a manner required by the department:
24	-C. The department shall compile an annual report
25	on the deductions provided by this section that shall include HTRC/HB 547/a

the number of taxpayers that claimed each deduction, the aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other-information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the deductions. The department shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the deductions:

D. As used in this section:

who meets requirements of the medical assistance division to provide environmental modifications pursuant to a waiver granted by the federal department of health and human-services to provide home—and community—based services to recipients;

(2) "environmental modifications" include the purchasing and installing of equipment or making physical adaptions to a recipient's residence that are necessary to ensure the health, welfare and safety of the recipient or enhance the recipient's access to the home environment and increase the recipient's ability to act independently;

-(3) "medicaid" means the medical assistance
-program established pursuant to Title 19 of the federal
-Social Security Act and regulations issued pursuant to that
-act;

-(4) "medical assistance division" means the

medical assistance division of the human services department; 1 2 and--(5) "recipient" means a person whom the-3 -department has determined to be eligible to receive medicaid-4 -related services and who meets the financial and medical 5 level of care criteria to receive medical assistance division 6 -services through one of the division's waiver programs 7 granted by the federal department of health and human 8 9 services." SECTION 20. ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND ... -10 -A. The "alcohol harms alleviation fund" is 11 -ereated as a reverting fund in the state treasury. The fund-12 -consists of appropriations, distributions, gifts, grants, 13 donations and bequests made to the fund and income from 14 investment of the fund. The department of finance and 15 administration shall administer the fund, and money in the 16 -fund is subject to appropriation by the legislature to the 17 -human services department, department of health, early 18 -childhood education and care department, public education-19 -department and higher education department for: 20 (1) alcohol harms prevention, treatment and 21 22 -recovery services; (2) behavioral health treatment for-23

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-justice-involved populations and others not covered by the-

-state medicaid program or other health insurance; MLX

1	MV) (3) addressing social determinants of
2	-health related to alcohol misuse;
3	(4) support for victims of alcohol-related
4	erimes, including domestic violence and sexual assault; and
5	(5) prevention and reduction of alcohol
6	harms on lands of Indian nations, tribes and pueblos:
7	B. Money in the fund shall be expended by warrant
8	of the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to-
9	vouchers signed by the secretary or the secretary's-
10	authorized representative.
11	SECTION 21. Section 7-1-6.40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
12	1997, Chapter 182, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
13	"7-1-6.40. DISTRIBUTION OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAXLOCAL
14	DWI GRANT FUNDGERTAIN MUNICIPALITIESDRUG COURT FUND
15	ALCOHOL HARMS ALLEVIATION FUND
16	A. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1
17	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to forty percent of the net
18	receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made
19	to the local DWI grant fund.
20	B. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1-
21	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to one percent of the net—
22	receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made-
23	to a municipality that is located in a class A county and
24	that has a population according to the most recent federal HTRC/HB 547/a
25	decennial census of more than thirty thousand but less than Page 54

1	sixty thousand and shall be used by the municipality only for
2	the provision of alcohol treatment and rehabilitation
3	services for street inebriates.
4	-C. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1
5	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to six percent of the net
6	receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be made
7	to the drug court fund.
8	D. A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1
9	NMSA 1978 in an amount equal to fifty-three percent of the
10	net receipts attributable to the liquor excise tax shall be
11	made to the alcohol harms alleviation fund."
12	SECTION 22. Section 7-17-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
13	Chapter 65, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:
14	"7-17-5. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF LIQUOR EXCISE TAX.
15	A. There is imposed on a wholesaler who sells
16	alcoholic beverages on which the tax imposed by this section
17	has not been paid an excise tax, to be referred to as the
18	"liquor excise tax", at the rates provided in Subsections B
19	through F of this section on alcoholic beverages sold.
20	B. The liquor excise tax imposed on spirituous
21	liquors is:
22	(1) if manufactured or produced by a craft
23	distiller licensed pursuant to Section 60-6A-6.1 NMSA 1978;
24	provided that proof is provided to the department that the
25	epirituous liquors were manufactured or produced by a craft Page 55

1	n distiller:-
2	(a) for products up to ten percent
3	-alcohol by volume: 1) eight cents (\$.08) per liter for the
4	-first two hundred fifty thousand liters sold; and 2) twenty-
5	-eight cents (\$.28) per liter over two hundred fifty thousand
6	-liters sold; and
7	-(b) for products over ten percent
8	-alcohol by volume: 1) thirty-two cents (\$.32) per liter on
9	-the first one hundred seventy-five thousand liters sold; and
10	2) sixty-five cents (\$.65) per liter over two hundred-
11	-thousand liters sold; and-
12	(2) for all other manufacturers and
13	-producers, one dollar ninety-two cents (\$1.92) per liter
14	~sold~
15	·C. The liquor excise tax imposed on beer is:
16	(1) if manufactured or produced by a
17	<pre>microbrewer and sold in this state; provided that proof is</pre>
18	furnished to the department that the beer was manufactured or
19	-produced by a microbrewer:
20	-(a) eight cents (\$.08) per gallon on-
21	-the first thirty thousand barrels sold;
22	(b) twenty-eight cents (\$.28) per
23	-gallon for all barrels sold over thirty thousand barrels but
24	less than sixty thousand barrels sold; and
25	less than sixty thousand barrels sold; and http://ecompared.com/com/compared.com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/

1	for sixty thousand or more barrels sold; and
2	(2) for all other manufacturers or
3	producers, forty-nine cents (\$.49) per gallon sold.
4	D. The liquor excise tax imposed on cider is:
5	(1) if manufactured or produced by a small
6	winegrower and sold in this state; provided that proof is
7	furnished to the department that the cider was manufactured
8	or produced by a small winegrower:
9	-(a) eight cents (\$.08) per gallon on-
10	the first thirty thousand barrels sold;
11	(b) twenty-eight cents (\$.28) per-
12	gallon for all barrels sold over thirty thousand barrels but
13	less than sixty thousand barrels sold; and
14	(c) forty-one cents (\$.41) per gallon
15	for sixty thousand or more barrels sold; and
16	(2) for all other manufacturers and
17	producers, forty-nine cents (\$.49) per gallon sold.
18	E. The liquor excise tax imposed on wine is:
19	(1) if manufactured or produced by a small
20	winegrower and sold in this state; provided that proof is
21	furnished to the department that the wine was manufactured or
22	produced by a small winegrower:
23	(a) ten cents (\$.10) per liter on the
24	first eighty thousand liters sold;
25	(b) twenty cents (\$.20) per liter on Page 57

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1	w ['] each liter sold over eighty thousand liters but not over nine-
2	hundred fifty thousand liters sold; and
3	(c) thirty cents (\$.30) per liter on
4	each liter sold over nine hundred fifty thousand liters but
5	-not over one million five hundred thousand liters sold; and
6	(2) for all other manufacturers and
7	producers, fifty-four cents (\$.54) per liter sold:
8	F. The liquor excise tax imposed on fortified-
9	wine is one dollar eighty cents (\$1.80) per liter sold.
0	G. The volume of wine transferred from one-
1	-winegrower to another winegrower for processing, bottling or
2	storage and subsequent return to the transferor shall be
13	excluded pursuant to Section 7-17-6 NMSA 1978 from the
14	taxable volume of wine of the transferee. Wine transferred-
15	from an initial winegrower to a second winegrower remains a
16	tax liability of the transferor, provided that if the wine is
17	transferred to the transferee for the transferee's use or for-
18	resale, the transferee then assumes the liability for the tax
19	due pursuant to this section.
20	H. A transfer of wine from a winegrower to a
21	-wholesaler for distribution of the wine transfers the
22	liability for payment of the liquor excise tax to the
23	wholesaler upon the sale of the wine by the wholesaler."
24	SECTION 23. Section 7-2-5.14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws-
25	2022, Chapter 47, Section 7) is amended to read: MLM

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A. An individual may claim an exemption in anamount equal to the amount included in adjusted gross incomepursuant to Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as that section may be amended or renumbered, of income includableexcept for this exemption in net income; provided that theindividual's adjusted gross income shall not exceed the -following amounts, except as provided in Subsection B of thissection:

(1) seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) for married individuals filing separate returns;

(2) one hundred fifty thousand dollars-(\$150,000) for heads of household, surviving spouses and--married individuals filing joint returns; and-

(3) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for single individuals.

B. For the 2024 taxable year and each subsequenttaxable year, the amounts of adjusted gross income provided in Subsection A of this section shall be adjusted to accountfor inflation. The department shall make the adjustment by multiplying each amount of adjusted gross income by a -fraction, the numerator of which is the consumer price indexending during the prior taxable year and the denominator of which is the consumer price index ending in taxable year-2022. The result of the multiplication shall be rounded down HTRC/HB 547/a

to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100), except that if the
result would be an amount less than the corresponding amount
for the preceding taxable year, then no adjustment shall be
made.

C. For purposes of this section, "consumer price-index" means the consumer price index for all urban consumers-published by the United States department of labor for the month ending September 30."

SECTION 24. Section 7-2-18.16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws-2007, Chapter 45, Section 10) is amended to read.

-"7-2-18.16. CREDIT - SPECIAL NEEDS ADOPTED CHILD TAXCREDIT -- CREATED -- QUALIFICATIONS -- DURATION OF GREDIT.--

A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexicoincome tax return, who is not a dependent of anotherindividual and who adopts a special needs child on or afterJanuary 1, 2007 or has adopted a special needs child prior toJanuary 1, 2007, may claim a credit against the taxpayer's
tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act. The
credit authorized pursuant to this section may be referred toas the "special needs adopted child tax credit".

B. A taxpayer may claim and the department may allow a special needs adopted child tax credit in the amount of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) to be claimed against the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act. (MC)

MUND	C. A taxpayer may claim a special needs adopted
child tax	eredit for each year that the child may be claimed
as a deper	dent for federal taxation purposes by the taxpayer.

D. If the amount of the special needs adopted child tax credit due to the taxpayer exceeds the taxpayer's individual income tax liability, the excess shall be refunded.

for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half of the special needs adopted child tax credit provided in this section that would have been allowed on a joint return:

F. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant tothis section shall report the amount of the credit to thedepartment in a manner required by the department.

On the credit provided by this section that shall include the—
number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the
credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
other information necessary to evaluate the credit. Thedepartment shall present the report to the revenue—
stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative—
finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax—
credit.

H. As used in this section, "special needs

,	wadopted child" means an individual who may be over eighteen.
2	years of age and who is certified by the children, youth and
3	families department or a licensed child placement agency as
4	meeting the definition of a "difficult to place child"
5	-pursuant to the Adoption Act; provided, however, if the-
6	classification as a "difficult to place child" is based on a
7	physical or mental impairment or an emotional disturbance the
8	physical or mental impairment or emotional disturbance shall-
9	-be-at-least-moderately-disabling."
10	SECTION 25. A new section of the Income Tax Act is
11	-enacted to read:
12	-"DEDUCTIONSCHOOL SUPPLIES PURCHASED BY A PUBLIC →
13	*SCHOOL TEACHER.
14	A. A taxpayer who is not a dependent of another-
15	individual and is a public school teacher may claim a.
16	deduction from net income in an amount equal to the costs of
17	school supplies purchased by the public school teacher in a
18	taxable year, not to exceed:
19	(1) for a taxable year beginning on January
20	1, 2023 and prior to January 1, 2024, five hundred dollars
21	(\$500); and-
22	(2) for a taxable year beginning on January
23	1, 2024 and prior to January 1, 2028, one thousand dollars
24	(\$1,000):
25	B. To claim a deduction pursuant to this section, Page 62

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1	M -a taxpayer shall submit to the department information
2	-required by the secretary establishing that the taxpayer is-
3	eligible to claim a deduction pursuant to this section.
4	·C. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to-
5	this section shall report the amount of the deduction to the
6	-department in a manner required by the department.
7	D. The department shall compile an annual report
8	on the deduction provided by this section that shall include—
9	the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive
10	the deduction, the aggregate amount of deductions approved
11	and any other information necessary to evaluate the
12	-deduction. The department shall present the report to the-
13	revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the
14	legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of
15	-the deduction.
16	E. As used in this section:
17	(1) "public school teacher" means a person-
18	-who is licensed as a teacher pursuant to the Public School
19	-Code and who teaches at a public school; and
20	(2) "school supplies" means items purchased
21	by a public school teacher and used by the students of the
22	teacher in the teacher's classroom for educational purposes,
23	including notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art
24	-supplies, rulers, maps and globes, but not including
25	-computers or other similar digital devices, watches, radios, Page 63

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digital music players, headphones, sporting equipment,

portable or desktop telephones, cellular telephones or other

electronic communication devices, copiers, office equipment,

furniture or fixtures."

SECTION 26. A new section of the Income Tax Act is enacted to read:

"GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION INCOME TAX CREDIT .--

A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2028, a taxpayer who is not a dependent of another individual and who-holds an interest in a geothermal electricity generation—facility may apply for, and the department may allow, a eredit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed pursuant to the Income Tax Act. The tax credit provided by this—section may be referred to as the "geothermal electricity generation income tax credit".

B. The amount of a tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall be an amount equal to one and one-half cents (\$.015) per kilowatt-hour of electricity generated in New Mexico in a taxable year by the geothermal electricity generation facility for which the taxpayer holds an interest.

C. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of eligibility for the credit provided by this section from the energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms and in the manner prescribed by that department. The aggregate amount of credits that may be certified pursuant to Page 64

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1	(Nothis section and Section 27 of this 2023 act in any calendars
	year is five million dollars (\$5,000,000). Completed
2	year is live million dollars (45,000,000). Sompless
3	applications shall be considered in the order received.
4	Applications for certification received after this limitation
5	has been met in a calendar year shall not be approved. For
6	taxpayers eligible to receive the credit, the energy,
7	-minerals and natural resources department shall issue a
8	-certificate of eligibility stating the amount of credit to
9	-which the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. The
10	certificate of eligibility shall be numbered for
11	identification and declare the date of issuance and the
12	-amount of the tax-credit allowed.
13	D. To receive the credit provided by this
14	section, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on forms
15	and in the manner prescribed by the department. The
16	-application shall include a certification made pursuant to-
17	Subsection C of this section.
18	E. That portion of a credit that exceeds a
19	taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the
20	eredit is claimed may be carried forward for up to seven.
21	consecutive years; provided the total credits claimed

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F. Married individuals filing separate returnsfor a taxable year for which they could have filed a joint

aggregate amount pursuant to Subsection C of this section.

pursuant to this section shall not exceed the annual

,	ያን return may each claim only one-half of the credit that would
	have been claimed on a joint return.

a credit provided by this section in proportion to thetaxpayer's ownership interest if the taxpayer owns aninterest in a business entity that is taxed for federalincome tax purposes as a partnership or limited liability
company and that business entity has met all of therequirements to be eligible for the credit. The total credit
elaimed by all members of the partnership or limited
liability company shall not exceed the maximum amount of thecredit allowed pursuant to this section.

-H. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant tothis section shall report the amount of the credit to thedepartment in a manner required by the department.

I. The department shall compile an annual report on the credit provided by this section that shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The department shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax credit.

1	ην (1) "geothermal electricity generation—
2	facility" means a facility located in New Mexico that
3	generates electricity from geothermal resources and:
4	(a) for new facilities, begins
5	-construction on or after July 1, 2023; or
6	(b) for existing facilities, on or
7	after July 1, 2023, increases the amount of electricity
8	generated from geothermal resources the facility generated
9	prior to that date by at least one hundred percent;
10	(2) "geothermal resources" means the
11	-natural heat of the earth in excess of two hundred fifty
12	degrees Fahrenheit or the energy, in whatever form, below the
13	surface of the earth present in, resulting from, created by
14	or that may be extracted from this natural heat in excess of
15	two hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit and all minerals in
16	solution or other products obtained from naturally heated
17	fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form,
18	found below the surface of the earth, but excluding oil,
19	hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances and
20	excluding the heating and cooling capacity of the earth not
21	-resulting from the natural-heat of the earth in excess of two
22	hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit as may be used for the
23	heating and cooling of buildings through an on-site
24	geoexchange heat pump or similar on-site system; and
25	(3) "interest in a geothermal electricity HTRC/HB 547/a Page 67

1	generation facility" means title to a geothermal electricity
2	generation facility; a leasehold interest in such facility;
3	an ownership interest in a business or entity that is taxed
4	for federal income tax purposes as a partnership that holds
5	title to or a leasehold interest in such facility; or an
6	ownership interest, through one or more intermediate entities
7	that are each taxed for federal income tax purposes as a
8	partnership, in a business that holds title to or a leasehold-
9	interest in such facility."
10	SECTION 27. A new section of the Corporate Income and
11	Franchise Tax Act is enacted to read:
12	"GEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION CORPORATE INCOME TAX-
13	-CREDIT
14	A. For taxable years prior to January 1, 2028, a
15	taxpayer that holds an interest in a geothermal electricity
16	generation facility may apply for, and the department may
17	allow, a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed
18	pursuant to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act. The

generation facility may apply for, and the department may
allow, a credit against the taxpayer's tax liability imposed
pursuant to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act. The
tax credit provided by this section may be referred to as the
"geothermal electricity generation corporate income tax
credit".

B. The amount of a tax credit allowed pursuant to

this section shall be an amount equal to one and one-half

cents (\$0.015) per kilowatt-hour of electricity generated in her Mexico in a taxable year by the geothermal electricity

New Mexico in a taxable year by the geothermal electricity

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-G. A taxpayer shall apply for certification of eligibility for the credit provided by this section from the energy, minerals and natural resources department on forms. and in the manner prescribed by that department. The aggregate amount of credits that may be certified pursuant to this section and Section 26 of this 2023 act in any calendar year is five million dollars (\$5,000,000). Completed -applications shall be considered in the order received. -Applications for certification received after this limitation> has been met in a calendar year shall not be approved. For-*taxpayers eligible to receive the credit, the energy, -minerals and natural resources department shall issue a -certificate of eligibility stating the amount of credit towhich the taxpayer is entitled for the taxable year. Thecertificate of eligibility shall be numbered for identification and declare the date of issuance and theamount of the tax credit allowed.

D. To receive the credit provided by thissection, a taxpayer shall apply to the department on formsand in the manner prescribed by the department. The
application shall include a certification made pursuant toSubsection C of this section.

E. That portion of a credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year in which the

.	redit is claimed may be carried forward for up to seven
1	•
2	consecutive years; provided the total credits claimed-
3	pursuant to this section shall not exceed the annual.
4	-aggregate amount pursuant to Subsection C of this section.
5	F. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to
6	this section shall report the amount of the credit to the
7	-department in a manner required by that department.
8	-C. The department shall compile an annual report-
9	on the credit provided by this section that shall include the
0	number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the
11	-credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
12	-other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The
13	-department shall present the report to the revenue
14	estabilization and tax policy committee and the legislatives
15	finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax
16	-credit-
17	H. As used in this section:
18	-(1) "geothermal electricity generation
19	-facility" means a facility located in New Mexico that
20	-generates electricity from geothermal resources and:
21	(a) for new facilities, begins
22	construction on or after July 1, 2023; or
23	(b) for existing facilities, on or
24	-after July 1, 2023, increases the amount of electricity
25	-generated from geothermal resources the facility generated

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natural heat of the earth in excess of two hundred fifty—
degrees Fahrenheit or the energy, in whatever form, below the—
surface of the earth present in, resulting from, created by—
or that may be extracted from this natural heat in excess of—
two hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit and all minerals in—
solution or other products obtained from naturally heated—
fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form,
found below the surface of the earth, but excluding oil,
hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances and—
excluding the heating and cooling capacity of the earth not—
resulting from the natural heat of the earth in excess of two—
hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit as may be used for the—
heating and cooling of buildings through an on-site—
geoexchange heat pump or similar on-site system; and—

generation facility" means title to a geothermal electricity
generation facility; a leasehold interest in such facility;
an ownership interest in a business or entity that is taxed
for federal income tax purposes as a partnership that holds
title to or a leasehold interest in such facility; or an
ownership interest, through one or more intermediate entities
that are each taxed for federal income tax purposes as a
partnership, in a business that holds title to or a leasehold.

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2	SECTION 28. A new section of the Gross Receipts and
3	Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:
4	-"DEDUCTIONSGROSS RECEIPTS TAXCOMPENSATING-
5	-TAXGEOTHERMAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION-RELATED SALES AND →
6	USE.
7	A. Prior to July 1, 2028, receipts from:
8	(1) selling tangible personal property
9	installed as part of, or services rendered in connection
10	-with, constructing and equipping a geothermal electricity-
11	-generation facility may be deducted from gross receipts;
12	(2) selling tangible personal property-
13	-installed as part of a system used for the distribution of
14	-electricity generated from a geothermal electricity
15	generation facility may be deducted from gross receipts; and
16	-(3) selling or leasing tangible personal
17	property or selling services that are construction plant.
18	-costs to a person who holds an interest in a geothermal-
19	electricity generation facility may be deducted from gross
20	receipts if the holder of the interest delivers an-
21	appropriate nontaxable transaction certificate to the seller
22	or lessor or provides alternative evidence pursuant to
23	Section 7-9-43 NMSA 1978.
24	B. Prior to July 1, 2028, the value of:
25	-(1) tangible personal property installed as Page 72

effectiveness and cost of the deductions.

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-two hundred lilty degrees rangement and all minerals in HTRC/HB 547/a solution or other products obtained from naturally heated. Page 74

1	fluids, brines, associated gases and steam, in whatever form,
2	found below the surface of the earth, but excluding oil;
3	hydrocarbon gas and other hydrocarbon substances and
4	excluding the heating and cooling capacity of the earth not-
5	resulting from the natural heat of the earth in excess of two
6	hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit as may be used for the
7	heating and cooling of buildings through an on-site
8	geoexchange heat pump or similar on-site system; and
9	(4) "interest in a geothermal electricity
10	generation facility" means title to a geothermal electricity
11	generation facility; a leasehold interest in such facility;
12	an ownership interest in a business or entity that is taxed-
13	for federal income tax purposes as a partnership that holds
14	title to or a leasehold interest in such facility; or an
15	ownership interest, through one or more intermediate entities-
16	that are each taxed for federal income tax purposes as a-
17	partnership, in a business that holds title to or a leasehold
18	interest in such facility."
19	SECTION 29. Section 7-2-18.24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
20	2009, Chapter 271, Section 1) is amended to read:
21	"7-2-18.24. GEOTHERMAL GROUND-COUPLED HEAT PUMP TAX
22	CREDIT
23	A. A taxpayer who files an individual New Mexico

income tax return for a taxable year beginning on or after-

January 1, 2023 and who purchases and installs after January

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1, 2023 but before December 31, 2028 a geothermal ground—
coupled heat pump in a residence, business or agricultural—
enterprise in New Mexico owned by that taxpayer may apply
for, and the department may allow, a tax credit of up to—
thirty percent of the purchase and installation costs of the
system. The credit provided in this section may be referred—
to as the "geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit".

The total geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit—
allowed to a taxpayer shall not exceed nine thousand dollars—
(\$9,000). The department shall allow a geothermal ground—
coupled heat pump tax credit only for geothermal ground—
coupled heat pumps certified by the energy, minerals and—
natural resources department.

B. That portion of a geothermal ground—coupled

B. That portion of a geothermal ground-coupled

heat pump tax credit that exceeds a taxpayer's tax liability
in the taxable year in which the credit is claimed shall be

refunded to the taxpayer.

department shall adopt rules establishing procedures to provide certification of geothermal ground-coupled heat pumps for purposes of obtaining a geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit. The rules shall address technical specifications and requirements relating to safety, building code and standards compliance, minimum system sizes, system applications and lists of eligible components. The energy,

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minerals and natural resources department may modify the specifications and requirements as necessary to maintain a high level of system quality and performance.

D. The department may allow a maximum annual aggregate of four million dollars (\$4,000,000) in geothermal-ground-coupled heat pump tax credits. Applications for the credit shall be considered in the order received-by the department.

E. A taxpayer who otherwise qualifies and claims a geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit with respect to property owned by a partnership or other business association of which the taxpayer is a member may claim a credit only in proportion to that taxpayer's interest in the partnership or association. The total credit claimed in the aggregate by all members of the partnership or association with respect to the property shall not exceed the amount of the credit that could have been claimed by a sole owner of the property.

F. Married individuals who file separate returns

for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint
return may each claim only one-half of the credit that wouldhave been allowed on a joint return.

G. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant to this section shall report the amount of the credit to the department in a manner required by the department. MLM

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ML The department shall compile an annual report
on the tax credit provided by this section that shall include
the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive
the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any
other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The
department shall present the report to the revenue
stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative
finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax
-credit.

eoupled heat pump" means a system that uses energy from the ground, water or, ultimately, the sun for distribution of heating, cooling or domestic hot water; that has either a minimum coefficient of performance of three and four-tenths or an efficiency ratio of sixteen or greater; and that is installed by an accredited installer certified by the international ground source heat pump association."

SECTION 30. Section 7-2A-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws-2009, Chapter 271, Section 2) is amended to read:

-CREDIT:--

-A. A taxpayer that files a New Mexico corporate

income tax return for a taxable year beginning on or after

January 1, 2023 and that purchases and installs after January

1, 2023 but before December 31, 2028 a geothermal ground

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coupled heat pump in a property owned by the taxpayer may elaim against the taxpayer's corporate income tax liability, and the department may allow, a tax credit of up to thirty percent of the purchase and installation costs of the system. The credit provided in this section may be referred to as the "geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit". The total geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit allowed to a taxpayer shall not exceed nine thousand dollars (\$9,000). The department shall allow a geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit only for geothermal ground-coupled heat pumps certified by the energy, minerals and natural resources department.

B. A portion of the geothermal ground-coupledheat pump tax credit that remains unused in a taxable yearmay be carried forward for a maximum of ten consecutive
taxable years following the taxable year in which the creditoriginates until the credit is fully expended.

department shall adopt rules establishing procedures to provide certification of geothermal ground-coupled heat pumps for purposes of obtaining a geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credit. The rules shall address technical specifications and requirements relating to safety, building code and standards compliance, minimum system sizes, system applications and lists of eligible components. The energy, Page 79

minerals and natural resources department may modify the specifications and requirements as necessary to maintain a high level of system quality and performance.

D. The department may allow a maximum annual aggregate of four million dollars (\$4,000,000) in geothermal ground-coupled heat pump tax credits. Applications for the credit shall be considered in the order received by the department.

E. A taxpayer allowed a tax credit pursuant tothis section shall report the amount of the credit to the department in a manner required by the department.

F. The department shall compile an annual report on the tax credit provided by this section that shall include the number of taxpayers approved by the department to receive the credit, the aggregate amount of credits approved and any other information necessary to evaluate the credit. The department shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the tax credit.

coupled heat pump" means a refrigeration system that provides space heating, space cooling, domestic hot water, processed hot water, processed chilled water or any other application where hot air, cool air, hot water or chilled water is MLM)

required and that utilizes the ground or water circulating—through pipes buried in the ground as a condenser in the—cooling mode or an evaporator in the heating mode."

SECTION 31. Section 7-2F-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 127, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-2F-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Film Production
Tax Credit Act:

A. "affiliated person" means a person who directly or indirectly owns or controls, is owned or controlled by or is under common ownership or control with another person through ownership of voting securities or other ownership interests representing a majority of the total voting power of the entity;

- B. "background artist" means a person who is not a performing artist but is a person of atmospheric business whose work includes atmospheric noise, normal actions, gestures and facial expressions of that person's assignment; or a person of atmospheric business whose work includes special abilities that are not stunts; or a substitute for another actor, whether photographed as a double or acting as a stand-in;
- C. "below-the-line crew" means a person in a position that is off-camera and who provides technical services during the physical production of a film. "Below-the-line crew" does not include a person who is a writer,

business for the services of a performing artist if: 1) the

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Mexico on the portion of those payments qualifying for the tax credit; and 2) the film production company deducts and remits, or causes to be deducted and remitted, income tax at the maximum rate in New Mexico pursuant to Subsection H of Section 7-3A-3 NMSA 1978 on the portion of those payments qualifying for the tax credit paid to a personal services business where the performing artist is a full or part owner of that business or subcontracts with a personal services business where the performing artist is a full or part owner of that business; and

(e) any of the following provided by a

vendor: 1) the story and scenario to be used for a film; 2) set construction and operations, wardrobe, accessories and related services; 3) photography, sound synchronization, lighting and related services; 4) editing and related services; 5) rental of facilities and equipment; 6) the first one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) of the daily expense of leasing of vehicles, not including the chartering of aircraft for out-of-state transportation; however, New Mexico-based chartered aircraft for in-state transportation directly attributable to the production shall be considered a direct production expenditure; 7) food; 8) the first three hundred dollars (\$300) of lodging per individual, per day; 9) commercial airfare if purchased through a New Mexico-based

provided by a vendor when the subcontractors providing those

goods or services to the vendor are not subject to state

taxation, such as equipment and locations provided by the

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military, government and organizations that demonstrate to the taxation and revenue department that they have been granted exemption from the federal income tax by the United States commissioner of internal revenue as organizations described in Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered;

(e) subcontracted services provided by a vendor when the subcontracted services are provided by a person who is below-the-line crew and is not a New Mexico resident;

(f) hidden or other indirect service fees, costs, commissions or other remuneration received by third parties and that are not directly paid by the film production company or expressly enumerated on a film production company's filing to claim a new film production tax credit;

New Mexico resident and who falsely claims to be a New Mexico resident. The wages of such person shall not be considered an eligible expense for two years from the date in which the person is determined by the taxation and revenue department as having made a false claim, regardless of whether the person becomes a New Mexico resident within that time frame; or

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films or commercial audiovisual products in New Mexico and has purchased or executed a ten-year contract to lease a qualified production facility;

L. "New Mexico resident" means an individual who is domiciled in this state during any part of the taxable year or an individual who is physically present in this state for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable year; but any individual, other than someone who was physically present in the state for one hundred eighty-five days or more during the taxable year and who, on or before the last day of the taxable year, changed the individual's place of abode to a place without this state with the bona fide intention of continuing actually to abide permanently without this state is not a resident for the purposes of the Film Production Tax Credit Act for periods after that change of abode;

- M. "performing artist" means an actor, on-camera stuntperson, puppeteer, pilot who is a stuntperson or actor, specialty foreground performer or narrator; and who speaks a line of dialogue, is identified with the product or reacts to narration as assigned. "Performing artist" does not include a background artist;
- N. "personal services business" means a business organization, with or without physical presence, that receives payments pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit

- O. "physical presence" means a physical address in New Mexico from which a vendor conducts business, stores inventory or otherwise creates, assembles or offers for sale the product purchased or leased by a film production company and the vendor or an employee of the vendor is a resident;
- P. "postproduction expenditure" means an expenditure, certified pursuant to Subsection A of Section 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978, for editing, Foley recording, automatic dialogue replacement, sound editing, special effects, including computer-generated imagery or other effects, scoring and music editing, beginning and end credits, negative cutting, soundtrack production, dubbing, subtitling or addition of sound or visual effects; but not including an expenditure for advertising, marketing, distribution or expense payments;
- Q. "principal photography" means the production of a film during which the main visual elements are created;
- R. "qualified production facility" means a building, or complex of buildings, building improvements and associated back-lot facilities in which films are or are intended to be regularly produced and that contain at least one:
- (1) sound stage with contiguous floor space of at least seven thousand square feet and a ceiling height

S. "vendor" means a person who sells or leases goods or services that are related to standard industry craft inventory, who has a physical presence in New Mexico and is subject to gross receipts tax pursuant to the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act or income tax pursuant to the Income Tax Act or corporate income tax pursuant to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act but excludes a personal services business and services provided by nonresidents hired or subcontracted if the tasks and responsibilities are associated with the standard industry job position of director, writer or producer."

SECTION 32. Section 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 6) is amended to read:

"7-2F-12. CREDIT CLAIMS--CERTIFICATION OF DIRECT
PRODUCTION AND POSTPRODUCTION EXPENDITURES--AGGREGATE AMOUNT
OF CLAIMS ALLOWED--EXCEPTION.--

A. The division shall certify a film production company's budget for direct production expenditures and postproduction expenditures during a preproduction meeting

- B. Except as provided in Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 10, the aggregate amount of claims for a credit provided by the Film Production Tax Credit Act that may be authorized in any fiscal year with respect to the direct production expenditures or postproduction expenditures made on film or commercial audiovisual products shall be in the following amounts; provided that direct production expenditures and postproduction expenditures made by a New Mexico film partner shall not be subject to the aggregate amount of claims provided by this subsection:
- (1) prior to fiscal year 2024, one hundred ten million dollars (\$110,000,000);
- (2) from fiscal year 2024 through fiscal year 2028, the amount provided in Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be increased by ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) in each of those fiscal years; and

(3) for fiscal year 2029 and subsequent fiscal years, one hundred sixty million dollars (\$160,000,000).

- C. If a film production company submits a claim for a credit pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act and the aggregate amount of claims pursuant to Subsection B of this section has been met for the fiscal year, the claim shall be placed at the front of a queue for payment in a subsequent fiscal year. Claims shall be placed in order of the date on which the completed return in which the credit is claimed is filed. Claims authorized for payment shall be paid pursuant to the Tax Administration Act.
- D. To provide guidance to film production companies regarding the amount of credit capacity remaining in the fiscal year, the taxation and revenue department shall post monthly on that department's website the aggregate amount of credits claimed and paid for the fiscal year. In addition, the division shall post monthly on the division's website the aggregate amount of claims certified pursuant to Subsection A of this section for the fiscal year or any subsequent fiscal year."
- SECTION 33. Section 7-2F-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 7) is amended to read:
 - "7-2F-13. NEW FILM PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT.--
 - A. The tax credit created by this section may be

(a) are directly attributable to the

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Income Tax Act or the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act

or an information return filed by an entity assigned payment

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- E. A credit claim shall only be considered received by the taxation and revenue department if the credit claim is made on a complete return filed after the close of the taxable year. All direct production expenditures and postproduction expenditures incurred during the taxable year by a film production company shall be submitted as part of the same income tax return and paid pursuant to this section. A credit claim shall not be divided and submitted with multiple returns or in multiple years.
- F. For purposes of determining the payment of credit claims pursuant to this section, the secretary of taxation and revenue may require that credit claims of affiliated persons be combined into one claim if necessary to accurately reflect closely integrated activities of affiliated persons.

G. The new film production tax credit shall not
be claimed with respect to direct production expenditures or
postproduction expenditures for which the film production
company has delivered a nontaxable transaction certificate
pursuant to Section 7-9-86 NMSA 1978 or alternative evidence
pursuant to Section 7-9-43 NMSA 1978.

- H. A production for which the new film production tax credit is claimed pursuant to Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of this section shall contain an acknowledgment to the state of New Mexico. Unless otherwise agreed upon in writing by the film production company and the division, the acknowledgment shall be in the end screen credits that the production was filmed in New Mexico and a three-second static or animated state logo provided by the division shall be included and embedded in the following:
- (1) end screen credits before the belowthe-line crew crawl for the life of the project of long-form narrative film productions; and
- (2) body of the program for the life of television episodes, the placement of which shall be:
 - (a) in the opening sequence;
 - (b) as a bumper into or out of a
- commercial break; or
 - (c) in a prominent position in each single project's end credits with no less than a half screen

exposure, but not covering content.

I. To be eligible for the new film production tax credit, a film production company shall submit to the division information required by the division to demonstrate conformity with the requirements of the Film Production Tax Credit Act, including production data deemed necessary by the division and the economic development department to determine the effectiveness of the credit, and a projection of the new film production tax credit claim the film production company plans to submit. In addition, the film production company shall agree in writing:

- (1) to pay all obligations the film production company has incurred in New Mexico;
- (2) to post a notice at completion of principal photography on the website of the division that:
- (a) contains production company information, including the name of the production and contact information that includes a working phone number and email address for both the local production office and the permanent production office to notify the public of the need to file creditor claims against the film production company; and
- (b) remains posted on the website until all financial obligations incurred in the state by the film production company have been paid;

- (3) that outstanding obligations are not waived should a creditor fail to file;
- (4) to delay filing of a claim for the new film production tax credit until the division delivers written notification to the taxation and revenue department that the film production company has fulfilled all requirements for the credit; and
- (5) to submit a completed application for the new film production tax credit and supporting documentation to the division within one year of making the final expenditures in New Mexico that were incurred for the registered project and that are included in the credit claim.
- J. The division, in consultation with the taxation and revenue department, shall determine the eligibility of the film production company and shall report this information to the taxation and revenue department in a manner and at times the economic development department and the taxation and revenue department shall agree upon. The division shall also post on its website all information provided by the film production company that does not reveal revenue, income or other information that may jeopardize the confidentiality of income tax returns.
- K. To receive a new film production tax credit, a film production company shall apply to the taxation and revenue department on forms and in the manner the department

may prescribe. The application shall include a certification of the amount of direct production expenditures or postproduction expenditures made in New Mexico with respect to the film production for which the film production company is seeking the credit; provided that for the credit, the application shall be submitted within one year of the date of the last direct production expenditure in New Mexico or the last postproduction expenditure in New Mexico. If the amount of the requested tax credit exceeds five million dollars (\$5,000,000), the application shall also include the results of an audit, conducted by a certified public accountant licensed to practice in New Mexico, verifying that the expenditures have been made in compliance with the requirements of this section. If the requirements of this section have been complied with, the taxation and revenue department shall approve the credit and issue a document granting the credit.

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L. Except as provided in Subsection M of this section, that amount of a new film production tax credit for total payments as applied to direct production expenditures for the services of performing artists shall not exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000) for services rendered by nonresident performing artists in a production. This limitation shall not apply to the services of background artists or resident performing artists cast in industry

standard feature performing roles.

M. In addition to the amount of payments allowed pursuant to Subsection L of this section, that amount of a new film production tax credit for total payments as applied to direct production expenditures made by a New Mexico film partner for the services of nonresident performing artists, directors, producers, screenwriters and editors shall not exceed ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) for services rendered for each production; provided that the total payments allowed pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed an annual aggregate maximum of forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) for all productions in a fiscal year. If the aggregate amount of payments made in a fiscal year is less than the annual aggregate maximum, then the difference in that fiscal year shall be added to the annual aggregate maximum allowed in the following fiscal year."

SECTION 34. Section 7-2F-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 8) is amended to read:

"7-2F-14. ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS TO BE APPLIED IN CALCULATING CREDIT AMOUNTS--EXPENDITURES MADE IN CERTAIN AREAS OF THE STATE--TELEVISION PILOTS AND SERIES.--

A. In addition to the percentage of direct production expenditures and postproduction expenditures calculated pursuant to Section 7-2F-13 NMSA 1978, an additional percentage shall be applied for payments for

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revenue department may allow, a tax credit, which may be referred to as the "nonresident below-the-line crew credit", in an amount equal to fifteen percent of the payment of wages for below-the-line crew who are not New Mexico residents, that are directly attributable to the production in New Mexico of a film or commercial audiovisual product for which the film production company is claiming a new film production tax credit; provided that:

- A. the service for which payment is made is rendered in New Mexico;
 - B. the payment of wages excludes payments:
- (1) for below-the-line crew who are producers, directors, screenwriters, cast and production assistants; and
 - (2) made to a personal services business;
- C. prior to July 1, 2028, for a film production company that is a New Mexico film partner, the total amount of wages applied toward the additional credit allowed pursuant to this section may be up to one hundred percent of the amount of wages of resident below-the-line wages claimed; provided that the film production company provides a seventy-two-hour notice of the opportunity to be hired to resident below-the-line crew, which may be through a collective bargaining unit that represents resident below-the-line crew; and

- D. for a film production company that is not a New Mexico film partner and, beginning July 1, 2028, for a film production company that is a New Mexico film partner:
- (1) the total eligible wages for below-theline crew who are not New Mexico residents are not more than fifteen percent of the production's total New Mexico budget for below-the-line crew wages; and
- the nonresident below-the-line crew credit for employing up to the following numbers of nonresident below-the-line crew in New Mexico and shall be as calculated by the division upon application for certification pursuant to Subsection A of Section 7-2F-12 NMSA 1978; provided that the total number shall not exceed twenty positions:
- (a) five positions if the production's final New Mexico budget is up to two million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$2,750,000);
- (b) ten positions if the production's final New Mexico budget is greater than two million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$2,750,000) and up to seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000);
- (c) fifteen positions if the production's final New Mexico budget is greater than seven million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000) and up to eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000);

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(d) one position in addition to the number of positions provided in Subparagraph (c) of this paragraph for every ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) over eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000) of the production's final New Mexico budget; and

(e) five positions in addition to the number of positions provided in Subparagraphs (a) through (d) of this paragraph for a television pilot episode that has been ordered to series; provided that the film production company certifies to the division that the series is intended to be produced in New Mexico."

SECTION 36. Section 7-9-93 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2004, Chapter 116, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-9-93. DEDUCTION--GROSS RECEIPTS--CERTAIN RECEIPTS FOR SERVICES PROVIDED BY HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER OR ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS .--

Receipts of a health care practitioner or an association of health care practitioners for commercial contract services or medicare part C services paid by a managed care organization or health care insurer may be deducted from gross receipts if the services are within the scope of practice of the health care practitioner providing the service. Receipts from fee-for-service payments by a health care insurer may not be deducted from gross receipts.

copayment or deductible paid by an insured or enrollee to a health care practitioner or an association of health care practitioners for commercial contract services pursuant to the terms of the insured's health insurance plan or enrollee's managed care health plan may be deducted from gross receipts.

- C. The deductions provided by this section shall be applied only to gross receipts remaining after all other allowable deductions available under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act have been taken.
- D. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to this section shall report the amount of the deduction separately in a manner required by the department.
- E. The department shall compile an annual report on the deductions provided by this section that shall include the number of taxpayers that claimed the deductions, the aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the deductions. The department shall present the report to the revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of the deductions.
 - F. As used in this section:
- (1) "association of health care practitioners" means a corporation, unincorporated business

entity or other legal entity organized by, owned by or employing one or more health care practitioners; provided that the entity is not:

- (a) an organization granted exemption from the federal income tax by the United States commissioner of internal revenue as organizations described in Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as that section may be amended or renumbered; or
- (b) a health maintenance organization, hospital, hospice, nursing home or an entity that is solely an outpatient facility or intermediate care facility licensed pursuant to the Public Health Act;
- (2) "commercial contract services" means
 health care services performed by a health care practitioner
 pursuant to a contract with a managed care organization or
 health care insurer other than those health care services
 provided for medicare patients pursuant to Title 18 of the
 federal Social Security Act or for medicaid patients pursuant
 to Title 19 or Title 21 of the federal Social Security Act;
- (3) "copayment or deductible" means the amount of covered charges an insured or enrollee is required to pay in a plan year for commercial contract services before the insured's health insurance plan or enrollee's managed care health plan begins to pay for applicable covered charges;

1	(4) "fee-for-service" means payment for
2	health care services by a health care insurer for covered
3	charges under an indemnity insurance plan;
4	(5) "health care insurer" means a person
5	that:
6	(a) has a valid certificate of
7	authority in good standing pursuant to the New Mexico
8	Insurance Code to act as an insurer, health maintenance
9	organization or nonprofit health care plan or prepaid dental
10	plan; and
11	(b) contracts to reimburse licensed
12	health care practitioners for providing basic health services
13	to enrollees at negotiated fee rates;
14	(6) "health care practitioner" means:
15	(a) a chiropractic physician licensed
16	pursuant to the provisions of the Chiropractic Physician
17	Practice Act;
18	(b) a dentist or dental hygienist
19	licensed pursuant to the Dental Health Care Act;
20	(c) a doctor of oriental medicine
21	licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Acupuncture and
22	Oriental Medicine Practice Act;
23	(d) an optometrist licensed pursuant
24	to the provisions of the Optometry Act;
25	(e) an osteopathic physician licensed

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1	pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice Act;
2	(f) a physical therapist licensed
3	pursuant to the provisions of the Physical Therapy Act;
4	(g) a physician or physician assistant
5	licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice
6	Act;
7	(h) a podiatrist licensed pursuant to
8	the provisions of the Podiatry Act;
9	(i) a psychologist licensed pursuant
10	to the provisions of the Professional Psychologist Act;
11	(j) a registered lay midwife
12	registered by the department of health;
13	(k) a registered nurse or licensed
14	practical nurse licensed pursuant to the provisions of the
15	Nursing Practice Act;
16	(1) a registered occupational
17	therapist licensed pursuant to the provisions of the
18	Occupational Therapy Act;
19	(m) a respiratory care practitioner
20	licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Respiratory Care
21	Act;
22	(n) a speech-language pathologist or
23	audiologist licensed pursuant to the Speech-Language
24	Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices
25	Act;

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(o) a professional clinical mental

health counselor, marriage and family therapist or professional art therapist licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Counseling and Therapy Practice Act who has obtained a master's degree or a doctorate;

(p) an independent social worker licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Social Work Practice Act; and

(q) a clinical laboratory that is accredited pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 263a but that is not a laboratory in a physician's office or in a hospital defined pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1395x;

"managed care health plan" means a health care plan offered by a managed care organization that provides for the delivery of comprehensive basic health care services and medically necessary services to individuals enrolled in the plan other than those services provided to medicare patients pursuant to Title 18 of the federal Social Security Act or to medicaid patients pursuant to Title 19 or Title 21 of the federal Social Security Act;

"managed care organization" means a (8) person that provides for the delivery of comprehensive basic health care services and medically necessary services to individuals enrolled in a plan through its own employed health care providers or by contracting with selected or

1	participating health care providers. "Managed care			
2	organization" includes only those persons that provide			
3	comprehensive basic health care services to enrollees on a			
4	contract basis, including the following:			
5	(a) health maintenance organizations;			
6	(b) preferred provider organizations;			
7	(c) individual practice associations;			
8	(d) competitive medical plans;			
9	(e) exclusive provider organizations;			
10	(f) integrated delivery systems;			
11	(g) independent physician-provider			
12	organizations;			
13	(h) physician hospital-provider			
14	organizations; and			
15	(i) managed care services			
16	organizations; and			
17	(9) "medicare part C services" means			
18	services performed pursuant to a contract with a managed			
19	health care provider for medicare patients pursuant to Title			
20	18 of the federal Social Security Act."			
21	ALM SECTION 37. A new section of the Gross Receipts and			
22	Compensating Tax Act is enacted to read:			
23	"DEDUCTIONGROSS RECEIPTS TAXCOMPENSATING TAXDYED-			
24	DIESEL USED FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES			
25	HTRU/HB 24			

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1	and the use of special fuel dyed in accordance with federal
2	regulations and used for agricultural purposes may be
3	deducted from gross receipts:
4	B. A taxpayer allowed a deduction pursuant to
5	this section shall report the amount of the deduction
6	separately in a manner required by the department:
7	G. The department shall compile an annual report
8	on the deduction provided by this section that shall include
9	the number of taxpayers that claimed the deduction, the
10	aggregate amount of deductions claimed and any other
11	information necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the
12	deduction. The department shall present the report to the
13	revenue stabilization and tax policy committee and the
14	legislative finance committee with an analysis of the cost of
15	the deduction."
16	SECTION 38. Section 7-12A-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
17	1986, Chapter 112, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
18	47-12A-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Tobacco
19	Products Tax Act:
20	A. "department" means the taxation and revenue
21	department, the secretary or any employee of the department
22	exercising authority lawfully delegated to that employee by
23	the secretary;
24	B. "cigar" means a roll for smoking made wholly
25	or in part of tobacco and weighing greater than four and one

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HTRC/HB 547/a acetate or other similar filter, and weighing not more than Page 111

four and one-half pounds per thousand;

J. "person" means any individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, other association or gas, water or electric utility owned or operated by a county or municipality or other entity of the state; "person" also means, to the extent permitted by law, a federal, state or other governmental unit or subdivision or an agency, department or instrumentality;

K. "product value" means the amount paid, net of any discounts taken and allowed, for tobacco products or, in the case of tobacco products received on consignment, the value of the tobacco products received or, in the case of tobacco products manufactured and sold in New Mexico, the proceeds from the sale by the manufacturer of the tobacco products; and

L. "tobacco product":

(1) means:

-(a) any product, other than eigarettes, made from or containing tobacco or nicotine, whether natural or synthetic, that is intended for human consumption or is likely to be consumed, whether smoked, heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved or inhaled;

(b) e-liquid; MLD

1	MC,D (c) e-cigarettes; and
2	(d) closed system cartridges; and
3	(2) does not mean any product regulated as
4	a drug or device by the United States food and drug
5	administration pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and
6	-Gosmetic Act."
7	SECTION 39. Section 7-12A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
8	1986, Chapter 112, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
9	47-12A-3. IMPOSITION AND RATES OF TAXREDUCTION OF
10	RATE FOR CERTAIN TOBACCO PRODUCTS DENOMINATION AS "TOBACCO-
11	-PRODUCTS TAX"DATE PAYMENT OF TAX DUE
12	A. For the manufacture or acquisition of tobacco
13	products in New Mexico to be distributed in the ordinary
14	course of business and for the consumption of tobacco
15	products in New Mexico, there is imposed an excise tax at the
16	following rates:
17	(1) for eigars, twenty-five percent of the
18	product value of the cigar;
19	(2) for little cigars, a rate equal to the
20	rate imposed on cigarettes pursuant to Section 7-12-3 NMSA
21	1978 per package of little cigars;
22	-(3) for e-liquid, twelve and one-half
23	percent of the product value of the e-liquid;
24	(4) for closed system cartridges, fifty
25	eents (\$.50) per closed system cartridge; and MLM

1	(5) for all other tobacco products,
2	twenty-five percent of the product value of the tobacco-
3	product.
4	B. The taxes imposed by this section may be
5	referred to as the "tobacco products tax".
6	C. The tobacco products tax shall be paid by the
7	first purchaser on or before the twenty-fifth day of the
8	month following the month in which the taxable event occurs."
9	SECTION 40. A new section of the Tax Administration
0	Act is enacted to read:
1	"DISTRIBUTIONTOBACCO PRODUCTS TAXTOBACCO SETTLEMENT
2	PERMANENT FUND A distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1
13	NMSA 1978 shall be made to the tobacco settlement permanent
۱4	fund in an amount equal to thirteen percent of the net
15	receipts attributable to the tobacco products tax."
16	SECTION 41. Section 7-14-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws-
17	1988, Chapter 73, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:
18	-"7-14-10. DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS
19	A. The receipts from the tax and any associated
20	interest and penalties shall be deposited in the "motor-
21	vehicle suspense fund", hereby created in the state treasury.
22	As of the end of each month, the net receipts attributable to
23	the tax and associated penalties and interest shall be
24	distributed as follows:
25	(1) beginning July 1, 2023 and prior to

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s attributable to t shall be http:// http://display.org/li>
and prior to MLJO http:// http://display.org/li>
And prior to Page 114

1	MUD July 1, 2025:
2	(a) thirty-two percent to the general
3	fund;
4	(b) forty-nine and one-fourth percent
5	to the state road fund; and
6	(c) eighteen and three-fourths percent
7	to the transportation project fund;
8	(2) beginning July 1, 2025, except as
9	provided in Paragraph (3) of this subsection:
10	(a) seventy-five percent to the state
11	road fund; and
12	(b) twenty-five percent to the
13	transportation project fund; and
14	(3) if, for any single fiscal year
15	occurring after fiscal year 2027 and prior to fiscal year
16	2037, gross receipts tax revenues are less than ninety-five
17	percent of the gross receipts tax revenues for the previous
18	fiscal year, as determined by the secretary of finance and
19	administration, beginning on the July 1 following the
20	determination made by the secretary of finance and
21	administration:
22	(a) fifty-nine and thirty-nine
23	hundredths percent to the general fund;
24	(b) twenty-one and eighty-six-

hundredths percent to the state road fund; and

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	MCID		(e)	eighteen and seventy-five
nundredths	percent	to	the	transportation project fund.

B. Between fifty and seventy-five percent of the amount distributed to the state road fund pursuant to this section shall be used for maintenance of transportation infrastructure."

SECTION 42. Section 7-4-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 153, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-4-10. APPORTIONMENT OF BUSINESS INCOME. --

-A. Except as provided in Subsections B and C of this section, all business income shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by the sales factor.

B. For a taxable year prior to January 1, 2027, all business income of a taxpayer that is a railroad shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor and the denominator of which is three.

C. Except as provided in Subsection D of this section, the business income of a qualifying entity shall be apportioned by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor and the denominator of which is three.

D. A qualifying entity may elect to have business

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1	Mincome apportioned by multiplying the income by the sales
2	factor; provided that, once the election is made, the
3	qualifying entity shall apportion business income in that
4	manner for each taxable year thereafter; and provided further
5	that, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
6	-2029, the qualifying entity shall apportion business income-
7	by the single sales factor pursuant to Subsection A of this
8	section.
9	E. To elect the method of apportionment provided
10	by Subsection D of this section, a qualifying entity shall
11	notify the department of the election, in writing, no later-
12	than the date on which the qualifying entity files the return-
13	for the first taxable year to which the election will apply:
14	F. For purposes of this section:
15	(1) "filing group" means "filing group" as
16	that term is defined in the Corporate Income and Franchise
17	Tax Act; and
18	(2) "qualifying entity" means the presence
19	of a business unit of a corporation or a group of
20	corporations in a combined filing group:
21	(a) with one hundred or more employees
22	for whom wages are withheld pursuant to the Withholding Tax
23	Act. The employee measurement date is the first day of the
24	taxable year immediately prior to the taxable year for which
25	the election is made, and shall be certified by audit; and Page 117
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A. The provisions of Sections 5, 7 through 9, 12—through 14, 23 through 27, 29 and 30 of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

B. The provisions of Sections 31 through 35 of this act apply to film production companies that commence principal photography for a film or commercial audiovisual product on or after July 1, 2023.

this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after January

1, 2024. MLM

SECTION 44. EFFECTIVE DATE. --

SECTION 43. APPLICABILITY .--

1	A. The effective date of the provisions of	
2	Section 11 of this act is April 1, 2023.	
3	B. The effective date of the provisions of	
4	Sections 1 through 4, 16 through 19, 28 and 36 through 41 of	
5	this act is July 1, 2023.	
6	MLM C. The effective date of the provisions of	
7	Sections 6, 10, 15, 20 through 22 and 42 of this act is	
8	January 1, 2024. MLW	HTRC/HB 547/a Page 119
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Javier I. Martínez, Speaker House of Representatives

> a M. Ortiz McCutcheon, Chief Clerk House of Representatives

Howie C. Morales, President

Senate

Cheri D. Lujan, Chief Clerk

Senate

Approved by me this 7th day of april

Michelle Lujan Grisham, Governor

State of New Mexico